

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy tonight and
Saturday. Moderate east winds
shifting to southeast and south
Saturday.

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MADISON, WIS., FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1918

HOME EDITION

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The circulation of The Cap-
ital Times Thursday was
8,642

THE CAPITAL TIMES

AMERICAN LINE MOVES FORWARD

HORLICK PAYS \$50,000 FOR VIOLATION

Contributes That Amount
in Products to Army
and Navy

SURRENDERS FLOUR

Local Administrator Checks up
Excess on Hand and Makes
Report

For having on hand more flour
than food administration regulations
permit, the Horlick Malted
Milk company, Racine, has contrib-
uted \$50,000 worth of its products
to the army and navy, the food ad-
ministration announced today. The
surplus stocks of flour have been
surrendered, it was announced, and
the company has agreed to observe
food administration regulations in the
future.

The matter has been under con-
sideration for about a month. Sec-
retary Melville announced sometime
ago that the Horlicks had more
flour on their tracks than they were
entitled to and the government
through Magnus Swenson ordered a
checking up of all of the flour in
the plant and a distribution of it in
accordance with advices from Wash-
ington.

The Horlicks have contended that
they sent word that they had an
excess of flour on hand. This is by
far the largest fine ever assessed
by the state food administration.

A. J. Horlick of Racine is one of
the best known men in the state.
Recently he has been in Madison
frequently attempting to get an ad-
justment of the flour matter.

Early in June, Secretary A. H.
Melville threatened to close the
Horlick plant because of failure to
file certain reports.

UNION MEN BACK ON JOBS; AWAIT U. S. ACTION

War Board Will Settle Con-
trovery Over Wages
and Hours

All of the union men who walked
out Thursday morning from the
Socolek Flour Laksus Ordnance, and
Madison-Kipp plants, are back at
work.

The men voted to return to their
work Thursday afternoon. After
they had been told by government
men including James J. Barrett,
commissioner of conciliation, Lieut.
Rex Humphries of the ordnance de-
partment of the war department,
John E. Ferris, of the plant pro-
tection department of the war de-
partment, and Paul C. Huybrecht, gen-
eral organizer of the International
Association of machinists, that the
employers agreed to refer the con-
trovery to the war board and abide
by its decision.

Organizer Huybrecht had not
heard a word of any source of trou-
ble at the plants late this morning.
None is expected as Conciliator Bar-
rett arranged for the men to re-
turn to their jobs without hindrance
from the employers.

Mr. Barrett and Lieut. Humphries
left this morning to visit a number
of the plants where minor com-
plaints of discrimination have been
reported. Mr. Ferris has returned
to Milwaukee.

SUPERIOR COURT

Barney Olson was charged with
drunkenness in Superior court Fri-
day morning. Sentence was defer-
red till Barney sobers up. He was
sent to jail.

Margaret Palow and Gertrude
Forbes pleaded not guilty to a
charge of disorderly conduct
brought against them in Superior
court this morning. Judge Casson
set their bail at \$100 each which
they could not furnish and went to
jail. The case was set over till
August 6.

No amount is Too Small to Lend
Your Country. Buy War-Savings
Stamps.

Little Yankee Outwits Huge German Fighter In Deadly Grapple

(By the Associated Press)
LONDON—A little Ameri-
can "a shrimp of a man"—
outwitted a huge German in a
deadly grapple on the Marne
battlefield, says Reuter's corre-
spondent at American head-
quarters.

The German was about to
finish the American with his
bayonet. The American grab-
bed a grenade from his belt,
fumbled with his fingers till he
loosened the safety catch and
then thrust the grenade into the
German's pocket. With sudden
terror the German realized the
American's intention, but before
he could counter, it was too
late. There was not enough
left of his equipment, the cor-
respondent adds, to provide the
quick thinking little American
with a souvenir.

PACKING HOUSE WORKERS TURN DOWN WAGES

Continue on Jobs Until
Government Takes
Action

Terms submitted to the employ-
ees of the Farmers Cooperative Pack-
ing plant by George A. La Prell,
manager and superintendent of the
plant, were rejected by the men in
a meeting held in Labor hall Thurs-
day afternoon.

The company's terms were for an
8-hour day with the same pay the
men are getting now for 10 hours,
time and a fourth for overtime, and
time and a half for voluntary over-
time work on Sunday and holidays.

The employees' demands are: An
8-hour day; a 40-hour week guar-
antee; an increase of 4 1/2 cents per
hour for employees receiving be-
tween 17 1/2 and 30 cents per hour
now; an increase of 4 cents per hour
for those getting from 30 to 40
cents now; an increase of 3 1/2 cents
for those getting 40 and above.

At Thursday's meeting of the em-
ployees, a committee was named to
confer with James J. Barrett, com-
missioner of conciliation, as to what
steps they should take. Mr. Bar-
rett will confer with the employ-
ers. The employees have agreed to
go back to work at the old rates.
They do not want to interfere with
production, but intend to keep at
their jobs until settlement is made.

On the committee are Dan Mon-
tague, president of the Meat Car-
ters' local; William Murphy, chair-
man; Bernard Avery, Will C. Krue,
James Coughlin and Herman
Storms.

SOVIETS ORDER GORKY'S ARREST

Petrograd Correspondent Says
Author's Paper Has Been
Suppressed

LONDON—The arrest of Max-
im Gorky, the Russian author and
revolutionary, has been ordered by
an investigating committee of the
soviet government, says an Ex-
change Telegraph dispatch from
Copenhagen. The Petrograd corre-
spondent of the Daily Express re-
ports that Gorky's paper has been
suppressed permanently.

FRANCIS SAFE, SAYS MESSAGE

Ambassador Left Archangel
With Diplomatic
Corps

WASHINGTON—The state de-
partment today received another
message from Ambassador Francis
at Kandalaska, Russian Lapland,
through Murmansk, dated July 30.
It said the ambassador left Arch-
angel on the evening of July 28, ac-
companied by the chiefs of the dip-
lomatic corps of Great Britain,
France, Italy, China, Japan, Serbia
and Brazil.

REVOLT BREAKS OUT

BASEL, Switzerland—A revolt
against the Bolshevik government
in Turkestan has broken out, ac-
cording to news received here today
from Ukrainian sources.

SIBERIA PLAN ACCEPTED BY JAPANESE

Puts Official O. K. on
American Proposal to
Aid Czecho-Slovaks

EXECUTE AT ONCE

Joint Action Will be Taken by
Entente, Japan and United
States

WASHINGTON—Joint action
between Japan, the entente pow-
ers and America in Siberia is as-
sured.

Japan has found acceptable the
American proposal which primarily
looks to the aid of the Czecho-
Slovak now operating in Siberia,
and after exchanges between Tokio
and Washington, which have cleared
up all doubtful points and removed
any possibility of future misunder-
standing, a complete agreement has
been reached. The plan of operation
will be put into execution at once.

Soon after it had been learned
that Japan had accepted the Ameri-
can proposal, President Wilson
walked to the state and navy
buildings where he conferred for half
an hour with Acting Secretary Polk
and Secretary Baker in the secre-
tary's office.

The president and Mr. Polk left
the office together and as they walk-
ed along the corridor had a serious
conversation, which was continued
for five minutes in front of Mr.
Polk's office before the president re-
turned to the white house.

Some addresses read "From
the Kaiser," others "From
Hindenburg." In addition, the
addresses have the initials of
the senders.

Helmets at one depot form a
pile larger than an ordinary
bungalow.

**NELSON PROBES
TRANSFER IN
LOCAL LOYALTY**

Congressman to Expose
Change in Allegiance
in This City

Congressman John M. Nelson is
back in Madison ready to open his
campaign for re-election.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson came to
Madison from Washington by auto.
To those who are inclined to be-
lieve that Mr. Nelson will be on
the defensive in the coming cam-
paign Mr. Nelson will probably
bring a rude awakening.

"I am going to expose the forces
that are opposing me," said Con-
gressman Nelson. "I think that I
shall be able to demonstrate that
to a large extent the same old in-
terests that have fought me for
years are fighting me now. The
result of the recent 'loyalty' con-
vention ought to prove that."

"Speaking of loyalty, I shall show
to whom the interests fighting me
are really loyal. I shall pay con-
siderable attention to some of the
gentlemen who organized this loy-
alty convention."

"I am going to try and find an
explanation for the transfer in loy-
alty that has gone on here in the
last year. I shall, I think, be able
to show that loyalty has accompa-
nied the transfer of securities from
one financial institution to another.
I shall show how this loyalty
that accompanied this financial
transaction brought about a new
loyalty that was tender of the local
profiteers, the gas company, the
street railway company and the other
special interests. I don't wonder
that some people are throwing
dust in an effort to make people
forget about what is going on here
at home. It is to their interest to do
so. Tied soul and body to these in-
terests they are trying to make
people forget the depredations of
these interests by keeping the eyes
of the people the other way."

"Why is it that these interests
try and make us believe that in or-
der to be loyal we must say any-
thing about local conditions? There
never was a time when the common
people should be on guard more
than at the present time. Many a
piece of vicious legislation will be
passed through the halls of legisla-
tion by men elected under the guise
of loyalty if the people are not on
guard."

"Yes, these interests that are
fighting me are 'loyal.' They are
still 'loyal' to the same old inter-
ests."

DANGER OF ICE FAMINE REMOTE SAY DEALERS

Strikers Refuse to go Back
to Work; Ask U. S.

Action

Ice wagon drivers and helpers
who went on a strike Thursday af-
ter a demand for more wages had
been turned down by the Conklin
company and the Consumers' Ice
company, refused to go back to
work Friday morning and have
asked James J. Barrett, commis-
sioner of conciliation, to settle the
controversy.

A conference of the employers
and a committee of the strikers was
held and the men were told that
their demands would not be recog-
nized at the employees were told
that they must be back at work Fri-
day noon, that the employers could
do nothing for them and that the
matter would have to be referred
to Magnus Swenson, food adminis-
trator. They were warned that
they would be responsible for any
food in ice boxes that spoiled as a
result of their not working.

A meeting of the strikers was
held at Labor hall in the morning
and a committee was selected to put
their demands in concrete form.
Following are the demands:

Forty cents an hour for a 10-hour
day with time and a half for over-
time; to begin work at 6 o'clock in-
stead of 5. They declare that they
are receiving \$85 and \$95 per month
at present and are working from 6
in the morning till 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10
o'clock at night.

Deliveries of ice are being made
in nearly all sections of the city.
Other employees of the companies
were impressed into service and cov-
ered some of the routes which were
abandoned when the men quit
Thursday.

Danger of a so-called famine is
slight, the dealers declare, inas-
much as the weather is cool and
most of the customers have been
served.

The men joined the Federal la-
bor union this afternoon. President
J. H. Brown is now handling af-
fairs for them.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS SEND MANY GERMAN HELMETS TO FRIENDS

WITH THE AMERICAN
ARMY ON THE AISNE-
MARNE FRONT (Thursday)—
Every American postoffice near
where the fighting troops are
camped is filled each day with
German helmets addressed to
relatives and friends in the
United States. Officers and men,
members of the Y. M. C. A. and
Red Cross and, in fact, every-
one appears to be sending hel-
mets.

These trophies are found
along roads, in forests and in
fields, everywhere the Germans
retreated. Helmets with large
bullet holes particularly are in
demand. Most of the helmets
are enclosed in flour sacks and
pieces of gunny sack. Others
are not wrapped, the ad-
dress being pasted on the crown
in the left hand corner.

Some addresses read "From
the Kaiser," others "From
Hindenburg." In addition, the
addresses have the initials of
the senders.

Helmets at one depot form a
pile larger than an ordinary
bungalow.

GERMANS IN RETREAT ON OURCQ RIVER

Retiring Movement is Gen-
eral on Front North of
the Marne

ALLIES WIN TOWN

French and British Cross Chat-
teau-Thierry-Soissons
Road

ON THE FRENCH FRONT IN
FRANCE (Noon)—The battle on
the front north of the Marne re-
solved itself during the night and
this morning into almost a general
retirement of the enemy north of
the Ourcq, with the allies pursuing
the Germans with the greatest zeal
and success.

The town of Hartennes-et-Taux
was occupied by the allies, who al-
so seized the wood lying to the
south of this most important place.
The French and British in this sec-
tor took Contremain and then cross-
ed the Chateau Thierry-Soissons
road.

The Germans are burning vil-
lages as they retire and destroying
everything they come across. The
entire battlefield is dotted by con-
flagrations, some of them of large
dimensions.

Along the center of the front as
well as on the western side the Ger-
man resistance seemed greatly di-
minished. The allies pressed
through a series of thickets to the
north of the road leading from
Goussancourt to Coulonges and
reached the southern part of Vevilly
wood.

Further east on the line the al-
lies are within five hundred yards
of Villers-Agron and along the line
toward Rheims they captured a
wood situated 1,500 yards east of
Somigny.

Allied patrols have attained a po-
sition three-fifths of a mile north
of Ville-en-Tardenois and have oc-
cupied a height 1,500 yards of Ro-
gnigny.

5 DIE IN POWDER PLANT EXPLOSION

Steel Tank Bursts at Barks-
dale, Bayfield
County

SUPERIOR—Five men were
killed, one probably fatally injured
and others slightly hurt when a steel
tank burst at the powder plant at
Barksdale, Bayfield county, Wis-
consin, about noon today. The killed:
ANDREW BORGREN,
ANDREW JOHNSON,
WILLIAM TURNER,
EDWARD SECHTER,
MELVIN YOUNGGREEN, all
employees.

Walter Shazowski was so badly
mangled that he is expected to die.
Too much pressure is believed to
have caused the explosion which
was in the triton fortifying house.

SENATOR BRAY TO ENTER SERVICE

Oshkosh Man Out of Politics
for the Pres-
ent

One of the happiest men in Wis-
consin is Senator William M. Bray
of Oshkosh. After repeated fail-
ures to pass the physical examina-
tion for service "over there," be-
cause of a slight deafness, and after
turning down offers of a captaincy
in the quartermaster's department,
Senator Bray returned from Wash-
ington this week accepted by the
board of army examiners before
whom he urged his case. He at
once secured an application for the
next officers' training camp from the
president of St. John's Military
academy, Delafield, and will try for
a commission in the fighting forces
of Uncle Sam.

DISTRIBUTE WAR SAVINGS POSTERS

Thousands of posters will be dis-
tributed throughout the city in the
next few days, the mail carriers
leaving one at every place on their
routes, making an appeal for the
purchase and pledging of war sav-
ings stamps.

The posters which have been put
out by J. H. Puellchen state director
for war savings, urge that "all
pledges be paid as they fall due," and
increased amounts be pledged, and
that a new opportunity will be given
to everyone to make a pledge Tues-
day, Aug. 6, which has been pro-
claimed Pershing day.

RUNS FOR OFFICE

LONDON—The Duchess of
Mariborough, formerly Con-
suelo Vanderbilt of New York,
has been accepted as the pro-
gressive candidate for the
North-Southwest division of
the London county council.

SAYS GAS CO. STILL DUMPING TAR IN LAKE

Alexius Baas Tells of Cen-
ditions Found on Lake
Monona

BY ALEXIUS BAAS
Pursuant to a plan to examine
Lake Monona's condition as thor-
oughly as any layman can exam-
ine them, on the evening of July 30
I paddled completely around the
lake.

My boathouse is at the foot of
South Paterson street. When I
launched the canoe an odor of tar
plus sewage greeted me. Because
the Madison Gas Co. has repeatedly
assured us that no tar or oil is flow-
ing into Lake Monona I took par-
ticular pains to notice that from
South Paterson street to Angle-
soul station (a distance of about
one mile) and for a quarter of a
mile out in the lake the water was
completely covered with tar. Mr.
St. John says that no tar is being
dumped into Lake Monona. Maybe
it isn't tar. Maybe I don't know
the right name for it. But some-
thing that looks like tar, smells like
tar, and for what I know tastes like
tar is flowing into Lake Monona
constantly from the gas company's
sewer. Whatever it is, it has no
business in the lake. Whatever it
is, it is polluting the lake. What-
ever it is, the gas company is re-
sponsible for its going into the
lake. If the gas company says it is
not polluting the lake, the gas com-
pany in plain Anglo-Saxon EN-
GLISH.

The question of naturally arising
as to why the gas company has been
allowed to pollute Lake Monona for
so many years. We have had may-
ors and aldermen for many years.
Also city attorneys. As I under-
stand it the city of Madison has po-
lice power over these lakes. Then
why don't we get action on the part
of some of our city officials? Why
is it necessary for private citizens
to hound officials into action? What's
the answer? Somebody has
not been tending to his business.
That's all.

The tar and sewage extended as
far as Anglevorm station. From
then on the tar ceased. From then
on I smelled only sewage—saw only
sewage (or algae, call it what you
will). But from the Anglevorm sta-
tion around by Monona park,
through Turville's bay, along Hobo-
ken, Winnequah bay—in fact every
foot of shoreline completely around
Lake Monona was rank with evil
smelling stuff that at times almost
turned my stomach. It isn't only
the city shore—it's all the shore.
I stopped at the George Kraft
cottage. The tenants there told me
they had expected to spend four
months in camp but that they did
not know if they could stick it out.
They said they had been here for
eight weeks and had not dared as-
set to enter the water for a swim!
They also said that if they had not
promised their landlord that they
would spend the stated time (four
months) in the cottage that they
would have moved out long ago.
More good business methods for
this fair city of the lakes. These
people are from Chicago. Are they
going to boost Madison as a place
to spend the summer?

Of those people who would re-
lieve the situation by running the
sewage to deeper water I would ask
this question: If the water of Mo-
nona has already been polluted in
its entirety (and it has) by dump-
ing the sewage into it on the city
shore, what is to be gained by
dumping it into the middle of the
lake?

I would beg of the citizens who
are interested in this fight not to
accept any measure of relief that
does not contemplate the complete
and final REMOVAL of all pollution
by the city from Lake Monona. All
other measures are futile.

In by next communication I shall
discuss a plan which many Madison
men believe to be the only way to
settle this question once and for all
in the future.

ALLIES SURROUND VILLE- TARDENOIS; WIN THREE MILES

FRENCH TAKE WOOD

Allied Troops Celebrate War's
Anniversary by Pounding
Enemy

(By the Associated Press)
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY
ON THE AISNE-MARNE FRONT
The whole American line moved
forward today while the armies
along the flank from Soissons to
Rheims pressed hard against the
sides of the German salient. Their
gains were made almost without re-
sistance.

Hammered as they have been for
days, the Germans withdrew during
the night so that when the Ameri-
cans, who were supported on their
right and left by the French, started
early this morning, they did not en-
counter the usual machine gun fire.
In open order the men plowed
their way through the heavy rain-
soaked fields for almost a mile.

The indications are that the Ger-
mans will not make a stand until
they reach the watershed north of
Neufes forest.

(By the Associated Press)
LONDON—Yesterday's Franco-
British attack on the westerly side
of the Marne salient was on a front
of five miles and penetrated to a
maximum depth of three miles, ac-
cording to news received today. It
resulted in the capture of the entire
ridge which forms the watershed
between the Ourcq and the Aisne,
the advices indicate.

The French also captured the en-
tire Nejmire wood, on the line to
the north of Goussancourt, at about
the center of the salient.

The advance by the allies along
the western side of the salient is
described as extremely important—
possibly the most important thing
the allies have accomplished since
the Germans retired from the
Marne.

The importance of the victory, it
is explained, lies in the fact the new
allied positions command the whole
area to the northward and take in
flank and rear and the entire west-
ern gate through which the Ger-
mans have been retreating. This area
is a nest of German reserves and
field artillery.

The capture of the important
ground on the heights to the west-
erly side of the line also means that
the Germans will not be able to re-
tire in an ordinarily leisurely way,
and that they probably will have to
go beyond the River Vesle in their
retreat.

The situation is considered as ex-
traordinarily good, being described
in the advices as the turning point
of the summer campaign and possi-
bly of the whole war.

Goussancourt itself has been taken
by the French, the advices add.

ON THE FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE—The important town of Ville-en-Tardenois, on the easterly side of the Marne salient, has been encircled by the allied forces.

The French are continuing to ad-
vance and have taken additional
towns and villages at various parts
of the front between Soissons and
Rheims.

The enemy is resisting desperately,
and losing in prisoners.

French Official

PARIS—On the battlefield north
of the Marne the French troops dur-
ing the night continued to press back
the Germans farther toward the
Vesle, says the official statement
from the war office today.

British Report

LONDON—The British have car-
ried out raids at Festubert, north-
west of Lens and at Albert, in the
Picardy sector and have captured
several prisoners, according to a
statement issued by the war office
today. The German artillery, the
statement says, has shown increased
activity south of the Somme and
south of Ypres, while it has been
active north of Bethune and east of
Hazebrouck, in the Lys sector.

Troops Celebrate

PARIS—Allied troops celebrated
the fourth anniversary of the war
by a victorious resumption of the
offensive to the surprise of a great

PRESS HARD ON GERMAN FLANK ON SALIENT FROM SOISSONS TO RHEIMS

Crushing in the German
lines north of the Ourcq river,
the allies on Thursday carried
their front to the northeast
from their former positions be-
tween Hartennes and Fero-en-
Tardenois.

The exact location of the new
line is not given in the early
dispatches from the battlefield,
but it is stated that the allies
have established themselves on
the high ridges between the
Ourcq and the Aisne and domi-
nate the whole western section
of the battle area.

The attack was made over a
front of about five miles and
penetrated to an extreme depth
of three miles from the former
line. It was reported Thursday
night that the allies are within
five miles of Bazoches, an im-
portant German railroad center
on the Vesle river, which agrees
quite closely with this morn-
ing's report of the advance to
the northeast of Beauneux, the
approximate center of the line
of attack on Thursday.

Further east and south, the
allies have captured the village
of Clerges after a sanguinary
struggle.

In the center of the line im-
portant progress is shown in
reports from the front. Gous-
sancourt has been captured and
the northern edges of Meunier
wood has been cleared of Ger-
mans. This marks an advance
of a mile and three-quarters.
Nothing is said of the fate of
the Germans at St. Gemme, at
the tip of the salient, but it is
to be assumed that they have
retreated from their perilous
position.

Further toward Rheims, the
important town of Ville-en-Tar-
denois has been encircled by the
allies, it is reported. The dis-
patch would seem to indicate
that the German defenders of
the place have been surrounded
by the allied advance.

Advices reaching London say
the success of the allies on the
western side of the line is the
most important accomplishment
since the German retreat from
the Marne began. The view-
table in these dispatches is that
the advance on Thursday was
the turning point of the cam-
paign and possibly of the whole
war.

While the detailed reports so
far received in this country
have not shown the ground for
this view, it seems clear, at any
rate, that the German retreat,
which has been proceeding
slowly, must now be hurried if
the enemy is to escape a terri-
ble pounding from the allied
heavy guns. The advance of
the allies to within easy can-
non range of Bazoches and like-
wise of Flames, the German
base on the Vesle, will tend to
disarrange all plans the enemy
may have formed to hold his
opponents at bay until the de-
fenses along the Vesle could be
thoroughly organized.

Along the British front there
have been raiding operations,
with the German artillery quite
active in various sectors.

many who had believed the battle
had entered into one of its period-
ic lulls.

Incidentally, the official state-
ment on the total of prisoners—
more than 34,000 brings out for-
bly the extraordinary change in the
situation a short month has effec-
ted.

The ground won yesterday north
of the Ourcq has considerable value.
It is a long spur about 800 feet
high, forming the watershed be-
tween the Crise and the Ourcq and
is a valuable observation point.
From it the Germans prevented the
allies from seeing the Crise, while
they overlooked the ground won
from them on the Ourcq. The allies
stormed not only the summit, but
the northern slope of this terrain.

As a consequence they can now
maneuver safely in the Ourcq re-
gion. In addition, they have a view
behind the great Hartennes plateau
where the enemy still clings along
the Soissons-Chateau Thierry road
and that strong position, difficult to
attack frontally, can now be turned
from the north through Villemois-
toire, and from the south by way of
Hill 205.

A WAR SAVER is a Life Saver.
Buy War-Savings Stamps.

TODAY'S SITUATION

(By the Associated Press)

Crushing in the German
lines north of the Ourcq river,
the allies on Thursday carried
their front to the northeast
from their former positions be-
tween Hartennes and Fero-en-
Tardenois.

The exact location of the new
line is not given in the early
dispatches from the battlefield,
but it is stated that the allies
have established themselves on
the high ridges between the
Ourcq and the Aisne and domi-
nate the whole western section
of the battle area.

The attack was made over a
front of about five miles and
penetrated to an extreme depth
of three miles from the former
line. It was reported Thursday
night that the allies are within
five miles of Bazoches, an im-
portant German railroad center
on the Vesle river, which agrees
quite closely with this morn-
ing's report of the advance to
the northeast of Beauneux, the
approximate center of the line
of attack on Thursday.

Further east and south, the
allies have captured the village
of Clerges after a sanguinary
struggle.

In the center of the line im-
portant progress is shown in
reports from the front. Gous-
sancourt has been captured and
the northern edges of Meunier
wood has been cleared of Ger-
mans. This marks an advance
of a mile and three-quarters.
Nothing is said of the fate of
the Germans at St. Gemme, at
the tip of the salient, but it is
to be assumed that they have
retreated from their perilous
position.

Further toward Rheims, the
important town of Ville-en-Tar-
denois has been encircled by the
allies, it is reported. The dis-
patch would seem to indicate
that the German defenders of
the place have been surrounded
by the allied advance.

Advices reaching London say
the success of the allies on the
western side of the line is the
most important accomplishment
since the German retreat from
the Marne began. The view-
table in these dispatches is that
the advance on Thursday was
the turning point of the cam-
paign and possibly of the whole
war.

While the detailed reports so
far received in this country
have not shown the ground for
this view, it seems clear, at any
rate, that the German retreat,
which has been proceeding
slowly, must now be hurried if
the enemy is to escape a terri-
ble pounding from the allied
heavy guns. The advance of
the allies to within easy can-
non range of Bazoches and like-
wise of Flames, the German
base on the Vesle, will tend to
disarrange all plans the enemy
may have formed to hold his
opponents at bay until the de-
fenses along the Vesle could be
thoroughly organized.

Along the British front there
have been raiding operations,
with the German artillery quite
active in various sectors.

many who had believed the battle
had entered into one of its period-
ic lulls.

Incidentally, the official state-
ment on the total of prisoners—
more than 34,000 brings out for-
bly the extraordinary change in the
situation a short month has effec-
ted.

The ground won yesterday north
of the Ourcq has considerable value.
It is a long spur about 800 feet
high, forming the watershed be-
tween the Crise and the Ourcq and
is a valuable observation point.
From it the Germans prevented the
allies from seeing the Crise, while
they overlooked the ground won
from them on the Ourcq. The allies
stormed not only the summit, but
the northern slope of this terrain.

As a consequence they can now
maneuver safely in the Ourcq re-
gion. In addition, they have a view
behind the great Hartennes plateau
where the enemy still clings along
the Soissons-Chateau Thierry road
and that strong position, difficult to
attack frontally, can now be turned
from the north through Villemois-
toire, and from the south by way of
Hill 205.

A WAR SAVER is a Life Saver.
Buy War-Savings Stamps.



Correct Clothes For Men of all Ages

The Man of 18—the Man of 30—the Man of 50 or over can find here garments that are suited to his taste and to his personality.

Thousands of men with limited incomes have the same taste, the same necessity, the same genuine idea of clothes as the smartly groomed Society Man.

And for the Union Man we have clothing with the Union Label.

Suits and Overcoats
\$15 to \$40

We Serve Them All

Mr. Union Man

We can supply you with Union Label goods in:

Suits and Overcoats	Dress Shirts
Work Trousers	Underwear
Unionalls	Hosiery
Overalls	Neckwear
Work Shirts	Hats and Caps
	Collars

BOYS' CLOTHES

You will find our department ready to serve you with splendid values

Union workmen can get the best clothing that's made, here, and they will be furthering their own interest, when they buy it and wear it.

The Crescent CLOTHING CO.
Specialists in Apparel for Men & Boys

HILL'S

A SHOP FOR LADIES

Corner State and Dayton Streets

THE STORE AHEAD

MADISON

WISCONSIN

Bargain Basement

—14—
Suits
Reduced
to
\$4.00

—26—
Coats
Reduced
to
\$5.00

HILL'S WILL SAVE YOU MONEY

STATE LABOR INDICTMENTS CALL 8,685 ARE RETURNED SAY OFFICIALS FOR RUMELY

Hambrecht Goes to Milwaukee to Make Plans for Full Answer

Wisconsin must furnish 8,685 men to the various war industries during the next two months. This announcement was received at the industrial commission today. Chairman George P. Hambrecht is in Milwaukee making arrangements for organizing the labor work of the state so that these patriotic calls may be filled at once.

By assigning quotas of unskilled laborers to be furnished in each state, the federal employment service took the first step in meeting the shortage of common labor estimated by reports received on Thursday, as approximating 500,000.

The announcement of the state quotas followed a conference at Washington of representatives of a dozen war industries with officials of the department of labor. The estimated labor needs of each of the industries was submitted by the representatives and these estimates will be used in apportioning the first quotas.

State directors of the employment service were instructed to begin immediately the apportioning of the state quotas among the local districts. Hambrecht and Secretary Witte are in Milwaukee for that purpose today.

In the industrial states the quotas average about 5 per cent of the estimated number of men not in military service, or already engaged in war work, agriculture, mining or transportation.

In western and southern agricultural states the average percentage is somewhat higher, as allowance has been made for unfilled labor needs.

Former Counsel Kaufmann Also Named in Accusation

(By the Associated Press) NEW YORK—Federal indictments were returned here today against Dr. Edward A. Rumely, former vice president and secretary of the New York Mail and Express Co., and S. Walter Kaufmann, former counsel for the German embassy in the United States, as alleged participants in the purchase of the Evening Mail for the German government.

Three indictments were returned. One is against Dr. Rumely, charging perjury; one is against Kaufmann, making the same accusation; and the third alleges that the two defendants conspired to commit perjury and to omit from a report made to A. Mitchell Palmer, enemy property custodian, regarding the ownership of the Evening Mail, the statement that 9,260 shares of preferred stock and 6,657 shares of common stock in the newspaper were held by the imperial German government.

Have You ENLISTED in the Army of Savers? Buy War-Savings Stamps!

JACOBS RED CROSS DIRECTOR AT CUSTER

F. W. Jacobs, 152 East Gilman street, has been named field director for the Red Cross at Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich. Mr. Jacobs had been stationed at Camp Grant previous to his new appointment.

Have You ENLISTED in the Army of Savers? Buy War-Savings Stamps!

HILL'S

A SHOP FOR LADIES

THE STORE AHEAD

Cor. State and Dayton Streets

MADISON

WISCONSIN

Continuing the ECONOMY SALE!

A Clean Sweep of WASH DRESSES
\$3.45 - \$4.45 - \$6.85
\$7.45 - \$8.95 - \$11.65
\$14.85

SILK SPORT DRESSES
Sacrificed
\$13.75 - \$14.85
\$17.65

WHILE THEY LAST

Mussed Soiled Slight Defects

Georgette Crepe, Crepe De Chine and Tub Silk Waists

Mussed Soiled Slight Defects

\$1.00 — \$2.00 — \$3.00
48 In The Lot — Worth to \$5.00

SILK DRESSES
\$7.75 - \$13.75
\$14.85 - \$15.75

WOOL DRESSES
\$8.65 - \$9.75 - \$10.50
\$13.75 - \$14.75 - \$16.75

WASH SKIRTS
Plain White and Colors
\$1.75, \$2.75, \$3.45, \$4.48

SILK SUITS
Reduced to
\$9.85 - \$11.75 - \$12.85
\$13.65 - \$16.50 - \$17.75
\$19.75 - \$25.00
These prices are actual wholesale cost

CLOTH SUITS
Reduced to
\$12.65 - \$13.75
\$14.65 - \$19.65
\$22.45

SILK COATS
Reduced to
\$22.45 - \$14.65

CLOTH COATS
Reduced to
\$9.89 - \$12.65 - \$14.65
\$19.85 - \$22.45 - \$25.00

NOTICE! This store has an aim. Briefly stated, this aim is—to provide its customers with above-the-average apparel at below-the-average prices. By reading and taking advantage of the special items we advertise you will readily see that we are keeping faith with the public and sincerely upholding our aim.

HILL'S Each item is exactly as described, and, to the best of our knowledge, is priced under the prevailing marks. It will pay you splendidly to note our advertisements.

YOU CAN DO BETTER AT HILL'S

Brin's Bargain Store

121-123 E. Washington ave. At the Water Tower

ALL DAY SPECIALS For Saturday, Aug. 3rd

Children's Tennis Oxfords, sizes 6 to 10½ 48c
Misses' Tennis Oxfords, sizes 11 to 2 59c
Tennis for Girls and Boys, sizes 2½ to 6 69c
Misses' and Young Girls' best quality White Tennis Bals with gray soles, sizes 11 to 2 and 2½ to 6 special at pair \$1.00
Regular prices of these are \$1.50 and \$1.75
Misses' and Children's White Canvas Sandals and Pumps with white rubber soles, all size up to 2, at pair \$1.95
Children's White Canvas Shoes with leather soles, while they last at pair \$1.00
Men's Perforated Tan Oxfords, all sizes at pair \$1.95
Men's White Shirts in the Monarch and Halmark brands at 69c
Men's Black Hose, pair 10c
Men's \$2.00 Trousers at pair \$1.50
Men's Dark Gray Union Suits, each 98c
Men's Suspenders 19c and up
Boys' Blouses, special at 29c and 59c
Men's White Bib Overalls, pair 98c

Buehler Bros.

22 East Mifflin Street
SATURDAY SPECIALS

FRESH LIVER, per pound 4c
Choice Beef Roast, per pound 18c
Fancy Short Steak per pound 22c
Fresh Chopped Meat, per pound 18c
Choice Sirloin Steak, per pound 22c
Veal Shoulder, Roast, per pound 23c
Short Ribs of Beef, per pound 14c
Buehler Bros. Special Coffee a 25c Grade at 20c
See Our Window for Extra Specials
SHOP EARLY SHOP EARLY

UNIVERSITY BOY DEAD IN FRANCE

Son of M. J. Wallrich, Shawano, is Well Known Here

SHAWANO—Thursday's casualty lists included the name of Lieut. W. Wallrich of this city, who died in action. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Wallrich.

Don't Wait. DO IT NOW. Buy War-Savings Stamps!

John Tobin, South Madison, a 1918 registrant with the local board No. 1, failed to file his questionnaire. He has been ordered to report to the board today.

Mixer at Kehl's Hall every Saturday night.

MITCHELL TO BE ELKS' HONOR GUEST

Contractor Leaves for Government Work at San Diego

Robert Mitchell, well known Madison contractor, who leaves Saturday for governmental work in San Diego, Cal., will be honor guest at a dancing party and entertainment to be given tonight by the Madison lodge of Elks at the club house. Scherer's band will furnish the music. A buffet lunch and other refreshments will be served during the evening.

Notice! If there are a sufficient number of patrons the College Refectory will remain open through August.

ENLISTS IN MEDICAL CORPS
Harley I. Hicks, London, has enlisted at the local army recruiting station for service in the medical corps. He will leave for camp August 6.

Mixer at Kehl's Hall every Saturday night.

CREAM
We are the best payers for cream in the state. Try us.
SHEBOYGAN DAIRY PRODUCTS CO.
Sheboygan, Milwaukee, Madison, Racine and Green Bay
Ship to your nearest branch

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING
All work guaranteed; FREE estimates furnished on any job
F. WIGGLESWORTH
Licensed Master Plumber
Phone Redden 6036 Res. Phone 4640
1311 Monroe St.

VACATION LUGGAGE
Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases. I can save you money on your purchase.
Brown, The Trunk Man
Phone 758. 206 E. Main St.

Paris Fashion Shop

98 STEPS FROM THE SQUARE
12 STATE ST. MADISON

-- JUST FOR TOMORROW --

Sensational One Day Clean-up of
Fine Silk and Cloth
Suits, Coats and Dresses

Formerly \$20, \$22.50 and \$25

That will be sacrificed at the most sensational
reduction of the season when they are offered at

What woman can afford to miss
an opportunity like this to buy a
stunning, exclusive suit at less
than the cost of the materials?

A Huge Rack of Silk Poplin
Skirts

All sizes and colors, values up to
\$5.95, tomorrow
at

\$2.79

Tub Skirts
tomorrow
only at

79c

SALE
STARTS
At 8:30
On
Saturday
Morning

Waists
just for to-
morrow at
49c



Another of Those Wonderful Value-
Giving Events

Wash Dresses

Comprising garments from sacrifice purchases from
New York manufacturers. All grouped together into
three tremendous lots to be sacrificed in the greatest
one-day event Madison has known this season.

\$1.95
formerly
sold up to
\$5.95

\$2.95
formerly
sold up to
\$6.95

\$3.95
formerly
sold up to
\$7.95

NEW FALL SUITS
We are already showing
a most complete assortment
of distinguished models in
Fall Suits for Women and
Misses, at prices that
make it a worth-while in-
vestment to choose yours
NOW.



SOCIETY

Gave Farewell Party
The members of the Burgess
Chemical works force gave a fare-
well party Tuesday evening at the
home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J.
Schlaak, 821 Williamson street, for
Irryng Schlaak, who is now awaiting
his call in the navy. The evening
was spent in games and music, and
refreshments were served at the
close of the evening.

Entertainment for Soldiers
Another one of the popular en-
tertainments will be given this even-
ing for the soldiers of the university
cantonment at the Y. M. C. A. The
program is as follows:
Vocal solo—Edward Swain.
Violin solo—S. Etward.
Reading—Miss Lydia Lacey.
Slight of hand performance—Ed-
ward Swain.

Announce Engagement
Chief Justice and Mrs. John B.
Winslow announce the engagement
of their daughter, Edith, to James
Milton O'Neill, professor of rhetor-
ic and oratory at the University of
Wisconsin. The wedding will take
place in the fall.

Wallace-Ingersoll
The marriage of Mrs. Helen Flint
Wallace, daughter of Prof. and Mrs.
A. S. Flint, to Leonard R. Ingersoll,
of the department of physics at the
university, took place this afternoon
at the home of the bride's parents,
North Charter street. The Rev.
Karl von Krug performed the cere-
mony. The bride wore a gown of
blue georgette crepe. The house
was decorated in garden flowers and
ferns. The couple left immediately
for Colorado where they will spend
several months in the mountains.

The marriage of Miss Jeanne
Faust Horn to James Irwin Knox,
Jr., both of Washington, Pa., took
place Wednesday morning at 10
o'clock at the home of the bride's
sister and brother-in-law, Dr. and
Mrs. E. C. Sherrard, Regent street.
The Rev. Edward Worcester of the
First Congregational church per-
formed the ceremony. The couple
was unattended, and the bride wore
a dark blue traveling suit and black
lace hat. A wedding breakfast was
served after the ceremony at the
Capital club. Mr. and Mrs. Knox
left last night for Washington, Pa.,
where they will make their home.

Fargo-Baker
Announcement is made of the
marriage of Miss Gladys Fargo to
Elmer Baker, Chicago, which took
place a few days ago at Deerfield.
The Rev. Calbert, Cambridge, per-
formed the ceremony. The bride
was attended by Miss Doris Cooper
of Madison and Mrs. Draper as
bridesmaid. Luther Holman acted
as best man. The Misses Lorena
and Evelyn Schwab played the wed-
ding march. The couple will make
their home in Madison.

Entertained for Soldiers
Miss Harriet Fagerstrom enter-
tained at the home of Mrs. E. K.
Cockrane, North Frances street, for
ten soldiers from Racine who are
taking special training at the univer-
sity cantonment. Those present
were the Misses Alice and Helen
Richardson, Helen Craig, Bertha
Platz, Verna Tucker, Collette Host,
Betty Rubicon, Helen Pesak, Bar-
bara Klinefelter, and Harriet Fager-
strom, and the Messrs. Fred Wil-
liams, Harry Berg, Valentine Wil-
derfeldt, Fred Sewell, George T.
Robins, John Christensen, John Prid-
dell, Albert Breitprecher, John
Wyman, and Frank Bahr.

PERSONALS
George Christianson, son of Mr.
and Mrs. A. B. Christianson, 510
South Dickinson street, is home on
an indefinite furlough. He has just
returned from a trip overseas.

Leonard Lunder, son of Mr. and
Mrs. Olof Lunder, 1922 Railroad
street, has been spending a short
furlough with his parents. He is in
the national army and expects to be
sent overseas on his return to camp.

Mrs. W. E. Needham, Wichita,
Kan., who underwent an operation at
Rochester, has come from St. Paul
and is visiting her brother, W. C.
Allman, 336 West Doty St.

Miss Louise Schoenleber, Milwau-
kee, who has been a guest at the
home of Colonel and Mrs. John C.
Salsman, West Lawn avenue, has re-
turned to her home.

J. C. Conley, a graduate of the
university, and formerly employed
by the railroad commission, is visit-
ing with friends here. He enlisted
in Milwaukee several months ago
and is spending his first furlough in
Madison. He is in the receiving
ship pay at the Great Lakes naval
training station. Mr. Conley says
that the Wisconsin boys are planning
to organize an alumni club for the
purpose of helping other university
boys who are to come there soon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Leutscher,
North Livingston street, have had as
their guest, Mrs. P. S. Pawling, Mil-
waukee. She was accompanied back
by Miss Ruth Leutscher, who will
remain in Milwaukee for two weeks.

The Misses Mabel George, Agnes
O'Malley and Gertrude Bonzalet
will leave tomorrow for New York.
They will stop at Chicago and Great
Lakes, and then take the lake trip to
Niagara Falls and New York.

The Rev. Robert M. Hogarth, rector
of St. Andrew's Episcopal
church, Niagara Park, will leave
Monday to spend his summer holiday

EVENTS OF SATURDAY

Afternoon
Luther Memorial church picnic.
at Vilas park.
Capitol Mutual club picnic at
Monona park.
Evening
Chop suey supper at More-
house home.

Miss Mary Orvis, Indianapolis, is
the guest of her parents, Mr. and
Mrs. William Orvis, Sterling court.
Mrs. C. H. Harbort and two chil-
dren, Sherman avenue, are visiting
with the former's parents, Mr. and
Mrs. George Raemisch, Darwin.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. McCabe, Lake-
wood, leave tomorrow for Evans-
ville where they will visit their son,
Eugene, who is working on a farm
during his summer vacation.

George Copeland, four year old
son of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Copeland,

3417 Sherman avenue, underwent an
operation for appendicitis last
evening at St. Mary's hospital. Mr.
Copeland originally came from Aus-
tin, Miss.

Mrs. Elvora Morrison, Evansville,
is visiting at the home of her daugh-
ter, Mrs. Conrad Hansen, 3413 Sher-
man avenue. Audrey and Gordon
Hansen, daughter and son of Mr.
and Mrs. Conrad Hansen, are un-
der the doctor's care.

The Ladies' aid of St. John's
Lutheran church, Westport, met at
the home of Mrs. W. Z. Mendelson,
Sherman avenue, yesterday after-
noon for Red Cross work.

at Ingleside, Lake Ripley. He will
return in September.

CLUBS

The St. Raphael's Court of the
Catholic Foresters, held a card party
and picnic at Monona park which
about 150 members attended. Prizes
were won at cards by Mrs. Bronn-
rigg, Mrs. Arthur Gill, Mrs. J.
Shields, and Mrs. Mary Roland.
The women's race was won by Mrs.
Morgan and Mrs. Bronnrigg won
the hopping and blow throwing con-
test. Boys under twelve entered a
race which was won by Jerome
O'Mally. Miss May Engelworth
won the girls' race, Jerome O'Mally
and Paul Graimer won the three

W.B.

Formu
BRASSIERES

worn in connection with W. B. Corsets, assure gown-fit perfection—
slenderize bust-line—add the grace and finish at bust that the corset
accomplishes below, and give the necessary finishing touch to the
"Form-Fashionable."

Boilers, Bandeaux and Surplice patterns, in filmy lace effects over silks
and satins; also delicate batistes, daintily trimmed with lace and embroid-
eries; making W. B. Brassieres second only to W. B. Corsets as form-
beautifiers. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR W. B. FORMU-BRASSIERES.

W. B. CORSETS W. B. NUFORM Corsets for slender and
average figures. The low-priced corset
with high-priced qualities. W. B. REDUSO Corsets for stout
figures—reduce one to five inches and you look ten to twenty pounds lighter.

WINGARTEN BROS., INC. NEW YORK CHICAGO

legged race, and Joseph O'Connell
the free for all.

All members of the Woman's
Benefit association of the Maccabees
meet at the Red Cross work rooms
this evening for war work.

USE CAPITAL TIMES WANT ADS

Ripp's Shoe Shop

224 State Street 224

Sale Started
Today
Aug. 2
1 o'clock



Sale Will
End
Saturday
Aug. 24

A Big Relief to Overstrained Pocketbooks

SALE FOR CASH ONLY—NO EXCHANGES OR REFUNDS

August Clean-up Shoe Sale

Thousands of pairs of Shoes for Men, Women and Children. Prices Lower Than
Ever Before

The mere announcement of this event should be enough to pack our store until all surplus stocks are
cleared away. Shoe prices are bound to go higher this fall. The finest sort of economy is made possible
through this sale, which includes shoes of splendid quality at less than present wholesale prices in some
instances: Because they are incomplete lines, we earnestly prompt selection to avoid any chance of dis-
appointment by not finding the size in the style you want.

It May be Years Before Such Values as These are Offered:

Growing Girls' Pumps and Ox-
fords, Patent and Dull—
\$3.50 and \$4 value at

\$2.85

Black and Tan Oxfords at

\$3.85

High Shoes, Button and Lace,
Black, at

\$3.10 to \$3.35

Tan Cloth Top at

\$3.95

Tan All Leather at

\$5.45



EARLY BUYING RECOMMENDED

Misses' Pumps at
\$1.95 to \$2.45

Tan Oxfords

\$2.95

High Shoes—Lace and Button

\$2.85 to \$3.35

White Canvas, High Heel Pumps

\$1.95, \$2.95, \$3.45

Children's Shoes, sizes from

8 1/2 to 11—Sale Price

\$2.10, \$2.35

and up

Pumps at

\$1.60, \$1.95

Oxfords, Black and Tan, Best

Grade at

\$2.45

Children's Oxfords and Sandals—

Black and Tan

\$1.49 to \$2.45

BOYS' SHOES

\$2.75, \$3.25 to \$3.75

Men's Oxfords—Black

\$2.95, \$3.95, \$4.85

and up

Men's Black High Shoes—All

Styles

\$3.85, \$4.85 to \$9.00

Men's Tan Shoes

\$4.85, \$5.85, \$6.85

to \$9.00

Work Shoes

\$2.95 to \$3.45

Women's Pumps and Oxfords

PUMPS

\$2.95, \$3.85, \$4.85

to \$5.85

OXFORDS—Tan

\$3.85, \$4.85, \$5.85

OXFORDS—Black

\$3.85

Special Ladies' White Kid, Cloth

Top, Lace—All Sizes, \$10

Value, at

\$2.95

Ladies' Patent Leather Dress

Shoes—High Heels—\$5 and

\$6 Values at

\$3.95

Patent Lace—\$7.00 Value at

\$4.85

Black Kid, Lace and Button,

High Heel—All Sizes—\$8

Value at

\$5.85

Re a l Shoes for R e d

Blooded American Boys

One Lot of Tan—Up to \$9.00 Value

\$4.85

Tan Walking Shoes

\$5.85, \$6.85, \$7.85

Low Heel Pump Welts, \$5 Value at

\$3.95

White High Shoes—High and Low

Heels—at

\$3.45 to \$4.45

SHUTTLEWORTH FILES NOMINATION

Nomination papers of Faraand K.
Shuttleworth, republican candidate
for congress in the third district,

have been filed with the secretary of
state. James G. Monahan, endorsed
by the loyalty convention, is his op-
ponent. Democratic candidates are
Edward J. Reynolds, Madison, and
M. J. Briggs, Dodgeville.

RUNAWAY TEAM MENACES CHILDREN

A runaway team of horses driven
by George Britton, son of G. E. Brit-
ton, road foreman, endangered the
lives of several children on Wingra
street Friday morning. Turning the
corner of Drake street, one of the
horses fell and broke its leg.

BRIDGE IS OPEN

The new bridge across the Cat-
fish near Westport is now open for
traffic. However motorists should
take the Maple Bluff drive past the
asylum because of the repair work
being done on the high bridge be-
tween Madison and Mendota.

ADVERTISEMENTS

MADISON'S OLD FOLKS TAKE HEART

They renew their youth with fresh
courage and quickened spirit. It
sure is a pleasure to see the way
they have come back and in such a
short time, too.

They are all loud in praise of
Phosphated Iron, the new wonder
nerve and blood tonic. As one "old-
timer" said, "I could fairly feel it
putting the 'Pep' and 'kick' in my
run-down, old body. I was worn
out, all in, and thought I was on my
last legs, but come to find out all I
needed was a tonic and bracer to put
me on my feet and get me going
again."

"Believe me, Phosphated Iron is
the goods, and say, it made a new
woman of my wife too. We will
never be without it in our house."

Honest physicians will tell you
that Phosphates and Iron are the
best tonics and health builders for
the aged, nervous, weak and run
down. It increases the quantity and
quality of blood.

It makes thin, poor blood rich,
red and new.
Rich, red blood pumped through
the veins drives out poison and car-
ries health, strength and vigor to
every part of the body. If you are
run down, all in, lost your nerve,
take a brace, get next to yourself
and try Phosphated Iron. It really
does what it claims. It will not dis-
appoint you, you can't go wrong on
this tip. Ask the man or woman
who has tried it. Good doctors and
druggists prescribe it.

To insure physicians and their pa-
tients getting the genuine Phosphat-
ed Iron it is put up in capsules only.
Do not allow dealers to give you
pills or tablets. Insist on capsules.
—C. H. Naffz, 109 King street, and
leading druggists everywhere.

HILL'S

A SHOP FOR LADIES

THE STORE AHEAD
Corner State and Dayton Streets
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Final Clearance of all MILLINERY

—25—
HATS

Values to \$12.00,

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—15—
HATS

Values to \$7.00

\$3.85

CHILDREN'S HATS

Reduced to

25c, 39c, 98c

For values to \$2.00

OUTING
HATS

25c

Values to \$1.00

THE NEW FALL HATS ARE HERE

The Prices Range

\$1.98 to \$8.00

We Shall be Pleased to Show Them

HILL'S WILL SAVE YOU MONEY

THE CAPITAL TIMES

An Independent Newspaper

WILLIAM T. EVJUE, Editor

Entered as second class matter December 13, 1917, at the post office at Madison, Wis., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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"Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us, to the end, dare to do our duty as we understand it"

THE STRIKE IS OFF

MADISON will view with delight the decision that was reached to avoid a strike.

The stern hand of the United States government reached in Wednesday and events moved swiftly.

Employers who, in the past, have arrogantly assumed that they had no duty to discharge except to themselves and who refused to act except for themselves were told by the government officials that they owed other duties in the present crisis.

At the end of the conference in the Park hotel the employers had consented to turn over the matter to the national war board for settlement.

This is as it should be. To date, both employer and employee have been dealt with fairly by the board and there is no reason why men representing both sides cannot impartially take evidence and render a just decision.

Government officials here smashed precedents in a hurry Wednesday. Employers who have never condescended to get together with other employers were present listening to the officials. They were impressed with the idea that employers have the same duty to the boys in the trenches that the men have. They were told that there are two sides to the controversy and that both sides must, for the sake of the country's welfare, make concessions.

Meanwhile 3,000 men will continue their work and the production will not be curtailed.

Good for the employers.

Good for the men.

DOG DAYS HERE?

PERHAPS it has been due to the recent dog days but it doesn't seem to us that we are getting the pyrotechnics out of the local street railway hearing that seems to attach to hearings in other cities. Or perhaps Battling Ryan and Kid Schubring have only been sprung to date.

The public prints from Chicago indicate that in that city the gentlemen who sought to oppose to the gas company on a valuation of the gas properties there were called "crooks" while counsel for the city retorted by calling one of the gas company officials a "gold plated anarchist."

It appears that under the guise of the war that the Chicago company is endeavoring to put one over. The Chicago Tribune story in part follows:

"Of course, neither this commission nor counsel for the city are terrorized by Mr. Insull's loose tongued rage," Mr. Richberg's brief said. "But I do not propose to accept silently the abuse of this gold plated anarchist. The attempt to discredit and injure a public servant, and so to break down the public defense against private greed, is not new in public utility regulation, or even in this case."

"But it is peculiarly offensive in this case where the gas company, under guise of seeking emergency relief from increasing costs, due to war conditions, seeks in fact to impose upon the public the burden of past corporate wrongdoing and present inefficiency of management."

"For the ringleader of this disreputable organization to assail the city's representatives with billingsgate, during a hearing before the commission, it contemptuous alike of public opinion and of the dignity of the commission."

ONE FOR THE ECONOMICS FACULTY

THE CAPITAL TIMES is in receipt of a letter from a correspondent which will probably interest some of the members of the economics faculty at the university. The letter follows:

I have noticed some references in your paper to the stand taken a year ago by the professors in the economics faculty where they refused to sign a memorial sent here by the Minnesota economics faculty favoring the application of the excess profits tax in the financing of the war. There is an accompaniment to that story that you ought to tell.

The petition that was circulated among the members of the faculty and, which is now in the historical library, denouncing Senator La Follette originated with the members of the economics faculty. Not only that but when they circulated the petition they threatened and intimidated the younger members of the faculty into signing it by hanging over their heads the threats of a loss of their jobs. I know of at least one young instructor who got out because he wouldn't sign it.

Perhaps Mr. Kieckhefer or some of the other members of the economics faculty who are now carrying the Monahan banner can explain their silence on excess

profits and their enthusiasm in denouncing La Follette. Is one related to the other? Has the economics faculty been intimidated by eastern "patriotic" organizations which have been busy weeding out "disloyalty" in our educational institutions? Or does the action indicate the animus back of the campaign against La Follette? Does it show that the great crime of which La Follette stands accused was his early opposition to the profiteers?

The letter carries some rather pertinent questions for some of our pedagogical friends.

Early Judges Had Unique System Of Assessing Fines

Old Judge Reume of Green Bay Used Jack Knife as a Warrant Server—No Sheriff Was Necessary—Few Laws to Administer.

By FRED L. HOLMES

UNIQUE in Wisconsin history is the method of enforcing law and respect for society before the establishment of Civil government. After the founding of military posts upon the frontier at Green Bay (Fort Howard) and Prairie du Chien (Fort Crawford) peoples of these communities were compelled to submit their differences to the commandant for adjustment. To the people of today the orders of the early justice of Wisconsin seem ludicrous.

Of these early justices of the peace, the activities of Charles Reume of Green Bay are the most significant. Reume had been connected with the British Indian Department, and settled at Green Bay in 1790. He probably received his first commission from the British authorities at Detroit. Judge Reume was a law unto himself in those early days when Green Bay was without priest or preacher. He enjoyed the office of judge for a time without memory of when it began; and long was all the business of the colony regulated and kept in order by the awe-inspiring authority and portly person of Judge Reume. He used no coterie of sheriffs to enforce his mandates. He sent his jack-knife as evidence that a warrant had been served upon the defendant. The judge's sentences were always to perform work for the judge. Sometimes he would fine a farmer a load of wood, always to be brought to the judge for personal use.

Tells of Reume. "It is reported, but I know not with what truth, that his library was enriched with two odd volumes of Blackstone, but whether in French or English I did not learn," declared James Biddle of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania in giving his recollections of Green Bay in 1860 and 1861. "A gentleman, a friend of mine, had a dispute with a troublesome fellow about some trifle, and upon whose application sent my friend a summons—instead of paper with name and seal, the constable, exhibited the well-known large jack-knife of the judge, which had long been made to serve that purpose. On the day of appearance, defendant broke ground for the judge's, and stopping at a store on the way, bought some cheap article. On approaching the office, he found the judge at the door, who exclaimed to him in broken English, 'You may go away—go away! I have given judgment against ye.' 'Good morning, Judge,' 'Good morning! I have given judgment against ye.' 'Coming along by Burgan's store, I saw this small coffee pot hanging out, and I bought it to present to you Judge; will you do me the pleasure to accept it?' 'O—yes, tank ye—tank ye kindly—very much obliged to ye.' 'Judge, I don't owe that fellow anything.' 'You don't?' 'No, I have really overpaid him.' 'Theascal, I reverse my judgment and he shall pay de costs.'"

Twice Justice Fee. According to early records Judge

In 1822 one of the few American citizens of Prairie du Chien started to visit his friends in the east, and wrote back from St. Louis the next spring that he had been sick all winter, but expected to be back early in the summer. Nothing having been heard from him in the fall, the belief became general that he was dead. The facts and belief were duly presented to the probate court, and upon a full consideration of all the circumstances of his absence and the length of time since he expected to return, the court held that it was fair to presume that he was dead, and appointed an administrator to pay his debts. In his administration account is a charge for 1 1/2 gallons of whiskey drunk at the sale of his personal property. The probate notices were published in the St. Louis Inquirer. His land was sold without license, and the probate judge became the purchaser of his farm. It subsequently transpired that the presumption of death after a year's absence was not well founded for in 1846 application was again made for administration on his estate, which was granted by the same judge who had done the same thing fifteen years before, and fifteen months before the man was dead.

In 1826, when United States Judge James Duane Doty arrived at Prairie du Chien to hold court, he found the main village entirely under water, the people living in the lifts of their houses, or encamped on the high ground to the east. A barn on dry land was selected as a court house, the court occupying the hay and grain mows on either side, when the jury retired to consider their verdict they were conducted to another barn or stable.

UNCANNY SEER FIGURES WAR WILL END IN 1918

GREAT LAKES, Ill. — The great question as to when the war will end has at last been solved, this time by an unknown "seer" who has sent a letter to Assistant Paymaster J. D. Doyle of the Great Lakes Naval Training Station enclosing a table of figures based on the date of birth, first year of leadership, present age, and length of office of eight leaders of the principal allies.

The informant is positive the war will end this year. He points out that the total for each leader is 3836 which, divided by two, gives 1918.

Here are the uncanny figures as published by the Great Lakes Bulletin:

President Wilson born.... 1856
Was elected..... 1912
Years ruling..... 6
Years old..... 62

Total..... 3836
Divide 3836 by 2 and the result is 1918, when the war will end.

"Remarkable as the figures may seem," adds the Bulletin, "any earnest student of the Bluejacket's manual, who is preparing for his work in sending the 'treat-em-rough' boys over there with the cold steel argument can tell you who the winner will be, and perhaps that is the most important part, after all."

Which suggests the saying: "Figures don't lie—but liars will figure." Judging by the number of times Von Hindenburg has figured on reaching Paris, he is some augurer.

Have You ENLISTED in the Army of Savers? Buy War-Savings Stamps!

Years ruling.....	8
Years old.....	53
Total.....	3836
King of Belgium born.....	1875
Started to rule.....	1900
Years ruling.....	18
Years old.....	43

Total.....	3836
Czar of Russia born.....	1868
Started to rule.....	1894
Years ruling.....	24
Years old.....	50

Total.....	3836
Emperor of Japan born.....	1870
Started to rule.....	1912
Years ruling.....	6
Years old.....	39

Total.....	3836
Divide 3836 by 2 and the result is 1918, when the war will end.	

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DINNER STORIES

A week after old Bobbin departed this land for one of heavenly bliss, or—well, heavenly bliss'll do—his devoted spouse came into the office of the insurance agent to claim the money.

"You awfully sorry, madam, to hear of your loss," said a sympathetic clerk.

"That's always the way with men," sighed Mrs. Bobbin. "Always grudging a poor woman the chance of getting a bit of money these hard times."

The well known London teacher of singing, William Shakespeare, now sojourning in Los Angeles, was recently a guest of Frederick Bacon at the latter's home in Pomona. Now Mr. Shakespeare's ruddy smiling face is the personification of geniality, and his rather high-pitched speaking voice is in keeping with his looks. The story goes that shortly after his arrival in Pomona he stopped up to the postoffice window and inquired:

"I say, my dear sir! Would you kindly tell me if you have any letters for William Shakespeare, care of Mr. Bacon?"

The young man at the window eyed the smiling countenance, took note of the voice and remembered the epidemic of Shakespeare "tercentenary" celebrations breaking out all over the country; he answered:

"See here, old fellow! You can't pull off any of those stunts on me!"

It happened at a Red Cross tea held at a country club. The fussy old gentleman of the white vest tapped the tweed-clad youngster on the shoulder:

"My boy," he said, "why are you not in the army?"

The boy smiled. "To be frank with you sir," he said, "I don't like it. There's no business of sleeping in the mud, and uncooked food, and rain all the time—dashed uncomfortable!"

"Uncomfortable!" The white vest frowned indignantly. "Are you not of age, in good health or physically fit?"

"Yes—sound as a drum. Just twenty-two, no dependents." The young man was still cheerful. The inevitable group—gathered about them.

"Disgusting! Have you no patriotism—no love of country? What is your reason for not being in the army? Confess, coward!"

"I can't be," said the cheerful youth. "I'm in the navy. Eighteen hours' leave and special permission to wear civilian clothes."

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP OF RAILROADS.

An Old Time Lesson Taken From Edward Winslow Martin's History of the Granger—1873.

By J. N. Tittermore. (From The Equity News.)

In 1872 there were 62,674 miles of railway in this country.

Poor's Railroad Manual for the U. S., the most—and at that time the only—reliable public authority, gives their total cost as \$3,159,423,057, or an average of \$55.116 per mile. The railroads actually did not cost more than \$1,209,362,000, or in other words there was \$1,950,161,000 of water put into the railroads up to that time; or in other words, the roads did not actually cost 40 cents on the dollar of the securities issued at that time.

Think this over and learn the lesson by heart. The farmer of 1918 and his family are now in 1918 paying this awful toll to a New York gang who had not a thing to do with the first pioneering of railroad construction.

This \$1,950,161,000 of water still rests as a mortgage against you and your children's.

It was about this time Morgan began to have control of the railroads. In order that we may not resort much upon Mr. Morgan's statements, it is only fair to say that Mr. Wellington, one of the greatest authorities on these matters, states that the railroads did not actually cost the amount of their mortgages issued up to that time.

During the year 1872, the railroad earnings equalled 11.76 per inhabitant, \$4.12 of which went to capital.

The net earnings in that year were \$165,754,000. If the railroads had been capitalized for their cost—and paid 6 per cent interest on such cost—it would have required but \$72,540,000 to meet it; this would leave a surplus of \$93,214,000. So as time went on more stock and bonds were issued to absorb this surplus. If such a surplus were left apparent the people might demand a reduction in freight rates and in passenger fares.

In a succeeding issue of your splendid paper we will see what Mr. Morgan and others estimate this "watering stocks" cost the pioneer farmers of this country.

The question arises—mountain high—would not it have been better—infinitely better—for the people to have constructed and owned their own railroads as they constructed and owned their own wagon highways and city streets?

Bear these three things in on your minds, learn them by heart!

1st. The railroad freight rates are nearly double what they should be in this year Nineteen hundred fifteen, because of farming out our public highways to private families for private exploitation and profit!

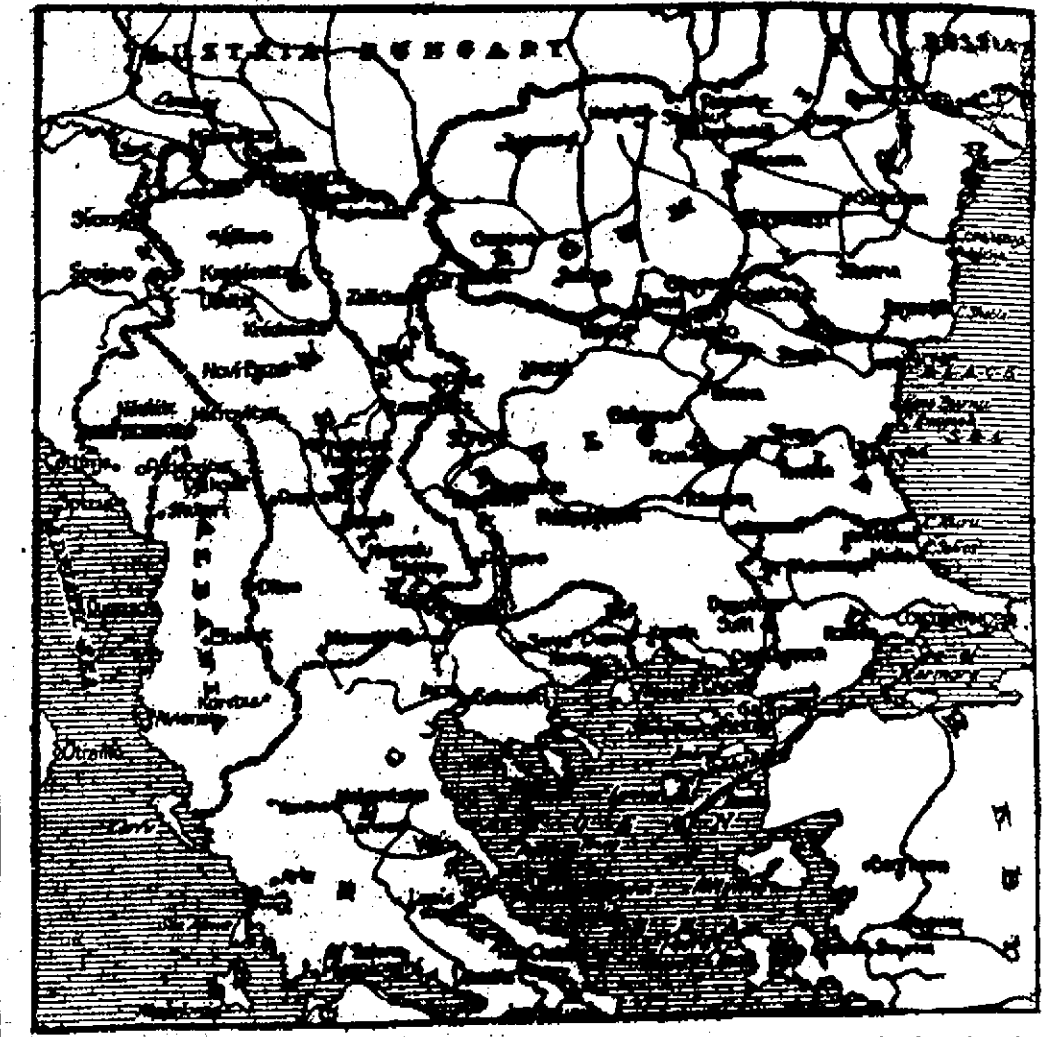
2nd. The Farmer pays the bill!

3rd. The Farmers and Workmen of this country can control all the railroads by constructing only 18,000 to 20,000 miles of railway.

Before we pass over the year 1873 we will consider other phases of the railroad question as related to pioneer times in future issues of your paper.

During the years that our fore-

TURKEY'S DEFECTION WOULD HASTEN COMPLETE END SMASH GERMANY'S AMBITIOUS MIDDLE-EASTERN DREAM



Southern and western Europe before Germany's final thrust and Germany's complete conquest in November of 1918

If reports coming in a roundabout way from Constantinople are true, and the long expected break between Turkey and Germany has been consummated, the allies may hope that the war's end has thereby been brought appreciably nearer.

Germany and Turkey's alliance was a strategic move to divide the Allies. Turkey's defection would hasten the end of the war by cutting off Germany's supply lines from the east.

The Allies are now in a position to push their attack on Germany from the west, as they no longer have to worry about the Turkish front.

ON THE SPUR OF THE MOMENT

Learn from Washington that the increase in passenger fares will include a minimum charge for overnight on a Pullman of \$2 instead of \$1.50. But we don't think it is worth more than \$1.25 to spend the night in the best Pullman that was ever built.

They are having trouble finding names for the ships of the new merchant fleet. Why not name them after the movie actors? This would supply names for all ships that could be built in forty years.

A Polish lady who entertained Hindenburg in her home in Warsaw during the invasion says the field marshal looks exactly like his pictures. She couldn't say anything meaner of him than that.

"Peace Talk in the Air."—Headline. Yes, indeed. It is heard everywhere except in America, England, France, Italy, Portugal, Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey.

As Will of Avon said: What's in a name? Mr. Jolly is an undertaker at Oil City, Pa.

THOSE TALL SILK HATS. It is difficult for any man, even a governor to wear a silk hat and milk a cow at the same time. To milk a cow one has to be quite near the source of supply. Note the following item from the Dairy Exposition:

"The Governor was asked to try his hand at milking, and several of his friends expressed the wish that he would, but the governor's hat was in the way, and he didn't even make an attempt."

Have You ENLISTED in the Army of Savers? Buy War-Savings Stamps.

All hopes of the claimants by reason of the Eastland disaster, when 800 lost their lives in the capsizing and sinking of the craft in the Chicago river, were dashed by the announcement that a salvage concern has a prior claim to the \$46,000 realized by the sale of the vessel.

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During the years that our fore-

U. S. CONTRACTS WITH CHINA FOR \$30,000,000 FLEET



U. S. shipping board officials and Chinese ambassadors signing ship contracts.

The signing of contracts for \$30,000,000 worth of merchant ships to be built in the Chinese government shipyards at Shanghai marks an epoch in American shipbuilding and in the relations of America and China. The photo shows, left to right, Stephen N.

Bourne, secretary of the U. S. shipping board, Edward N. Hurley, chairman, and Wellington Koo, Chinese ambassador to the U. S.

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Come While They Last-- End of Season Sale

Women's Brown and Black Oxfords, \$6 and \$7 values
\$3.85

Men's Tan and Black Oxfords, \$6, \$7 values
\$4.85

White Pumps and Oxfords, \$4 and \$5 values
\$2.85

Shoes and Oxfords, \$4, \$5, \$6
\$2.85

Pumps and Oxfords, broken lots, \$3, \$4, \$5
\$1.85

Children's Tan Scuff-ers
Sizes 5 to 8... **\$1.15**
Sizes 8½ to 11... **\$1.35**
Sizes 11½ to 2... **\$1.60**

FAMILY SHOE STORE

Sale Goods for Cash Only
WE DO REPAIRING

AT THE THEATRES

MAJESTIC
"You Can't Believe Everything," the new play to be shown at the Majestic today with Gloria Swanson in the leading role.

"Did you ever hear of 'Neptune's Banquet'?" If you have not you have something in store for you when you see this unique spectacle in this picture. A banquet table is set on a barge and music is furnished by a floating orchestra on another and smaller barge. On the main deck a boy of beautiful girls and lovely matrons, together with all the latest in wonder-working moving suits make merry. Gloria Swanson wears no less than fifteen superb costumes in this play and perform a sensational play. It is a society drama which

portrays the evil effects of slanderers to ruin the reputation of an innocent girl.

FULLER
Jules Racour, who has recently completed "La Tosca" with Pauline Frederick, will appear today at the Fuller theatre in support of Marguerite Clark in that appealing little star's screen version of "Prunella." This, as will be remembered, was the last stage vehicle in which Miss Clark appeared on the legitimate stage.

Besides Mr. Racour, as the Pierrot, the cast supporting Marguerite Clark in "Prunella" will include Harry Leoni as his servant, Scaramel; Arthur Kennedy as the gardener's boy, and many other popular screen players.

MT. HOREB

Mrs. J. N. Dahlen returned home Tuesday from a visit with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Rennebohm.

A guest this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Holm was the latter's sister, Mrs. E. F. DuBois of Keokuk.

Mrs. Althea Johnson has been spending the week in the capital city, a guest of her daughters, the Mesdames E. E. Sater and Althea Johnson.

Henry Bied of Camp Grant is enjoying a furlough at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Bied.

Arthur Gesme of the Great Lakes station accompanied by his wife has been spending the week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gesme.

Vernon Martin of Texas is home on a furlough visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Martin.

Killed in Action.
Word has been received here that Willard Moody, son of F. B. Moody of Minneapolis, has been killed "over there" during action. Mr. Moody is a grand-son of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Dahle of this place and a graduate of the Mt. Horeb High School.

The Mesdames Garnet and Pearl Klevon, Helen Dahle and Pearl Hirsig have been recent Madison visitors.

Hattie Mae Pickard, Madison has been a recent guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Pickard.

Gives Luncheon.
Miss Garnet Klevon entertained several of her friends at a luncheon at her home last Sunday evening.

Mrs. Martha Severson of Madison, Mrs. Bailey of Olympia, Wash., and Mrs. Jaegers of Ft. Collins, Colo., came here last Saturday for a visit with relatives.

Olin Fjeldstad, Madison, spent Sunday with relatives in this city.

Elmer MacL and George Lokken, in training at Camp Grant, spent Sunday at their respective homes.

George Pish Jr., returned home Wednesday from a visit with his aunt, Mrs. Rose Lewis of Dodgeville.

Henry Brophy, Madison, has been visiting relatives here this week.

A guest this week at the Alvis Goebel home, is Miss Frances Bell of Madison.

Miss Smith has recently visited her aunt, Mrs. H. F. Greenwald of Madison.

Miss Christine Brager returned to Madison, Sunday night after a two week's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Brager.

The Rev. W. J. Marshallfield and family returned to their home at Brooklyn this week after a visit with friends.

Mrs. Duncan Byrge and children of Cross Plains have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Solve.

Ralph Dahle has returned to the Great Lakes station after a week's visit with his mother, Mrs. Julia Dahle and his sister, Miss Beulah Dahle.

A WAR SAVER is a Life SAVER. Buy War-Savings Stamps.

AMERICANS HAVE DAY OF HARD FIGHTING

Capture of Seringes Was
Creditable Achievement

(By the Associated Press)
LONDON (Wednesday, July 31)—Yesterday was a day of sheer, hard and out fighting on the American front, telegraphs Reuters correspondent on the front north of the Marne. He says that the final capture of Seringes by the Americans was an especially creditable achievement.

After the Americans took the village on Monday, the Germans made no infantry attack on the place, but kept up a constant artillery and machine gun fire to drive them out. "We continued all day Tuesday and towards evening the enemy seemed to think that the spirit of the defenders might possibly be broken and then they began to emerge from the Nesles forest in a way that seemed to forecast a fresh attempt to take the village. Of the fighting which ensued the correspondent writes:

"The Americans after three days of to and fro fighting through the villages learned subtlety and were determined to have a real fight to a finish. They consequently withdrew as if retiring from Seringes and the Germans crept down from the high ground convinced they had their opponents' beaten. Additional German troops came pouring in until the town was occupied as it never had been before.

"But as the new occupants began to organize their defenses they found that bullets appeared to be coming in from three sides of the village and it was not long before they discovered that the Americans, while withdrawing from the front of the town, had commenced an encircling movement, on both sides, thus forming a ring almost completely around it.

"Then came tragic fighting. The Prussian guard had voted not to surrender and their opponents were just as anxious to see 'the thing through. It was an affair of small arms, but the Americans proved to be better shots and slowly picked off men here and there.

"Then the Americans began to advance and slowly their encircling ring closed about the village. As the ring drew closer and the defenders saw their doom approaching, they redoubled their fire, but still the Americans came on unfalteringly like a storm or the unavoidable stroke of fate.

"When the Americans reached the precincts of the village, their fire ceased and with one wild yell they closed with the foe. The fierce uproar suddenly gave place to a strange silence as men grappled with man. Only the clash of steel on steel and the groans of the stricken could be heard.

"The issue was never in doubt for an instant. At this kind of fighting the American is more than equal to any Prussian guardsman, and in a little more than ten minutes all was over. Except for a few German prisoners, every German in the village had breathed his last. Such was the final capture of Seringes.

"During the night the enemy twice attempted to re-take Seringes but each time he was repulsed with heavy losses. Then he made a fierce assault on Meurcy farm east of Seringes, which was piled with the dead which he had left there the day before, when every man defending it died at his post. There again the enemy was unsuccessful, though not until steel had crossed steel in the big farm yard and the heaps of German slain had been doubled in the ruins about it.

"Later in the morning the fighting extended still further eastward and in every case the Germans who attacked were annihilated. Later came the attack on Seringes and an attempt at the same time to drive the allies from Hill 187 west of Seringes.

"There for the first time since the allies crossed the Ouse the Germans may be said to have definitely taken the offensive.

"All through the day's fighting the enemy's airplanes attempted in the most daring manner to assist in the battle. Early in the morning six enemy planes succeeded in penetrating as far as the La Croix Blanche farm, near La Fere forest. They swooped down close above the roads in the valley and fired upon allied troops.

"Members of the Prussian guard who were taken prisoner state that their orders were to hold the line at all costs, and well they obeyed. All three of their battalions were apparently in the line on this memorable day, which ended everywhere in victory for the allies, although there was no great gain of ground.

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"When the Americans reached the precincts of the village, their fire ceased and with one wild yell they closed with the foe. The fierce uproar suddenly gave place to a strange silence as men grappled with man. Only the clash of steel on steel and the groans of the stricken could be heard.

"The issue was never in doubt for an instant. At this kind of fighting the American is more than equal to any Prussian guardsman, and in a little more than ten minutes all was over. Except for a few German prisoners, every German in the village had breathed his last. Such was the final capture of Seringes.

"During the night the enemy twice attempted to re-take Seringes but each time he was repulsed with heavy losses. Then he made a fierce assault on Meurcy farm east of Seringes, which was piled with the dead which he had left there the day before, when every man defending it died at his post. There again the enemy was unsuccessful, though not until steel had crossed steel in the big farm yard and the heaps of German slain had been doubled in the ruins about it.

"Later in the morning the fighting extended still further eastward and in every case the Germans who attacked were annihilated. Later came the attack on Seringes and an attempt at the same time to drive the allies from Hill 187 west of Seringes.

GIANT COLONEL VISITS ITALIAN FRONT



Large Italian colonel with two ordinary-sized soldiers at front.

This massive specimen of a man is an Italian colonel who is now at the Italian sector in France where the Italians, co-operating with the French, have been giving a good account of themselves. This giant is "too big to fit in a trench," but he has a lot of fight in him and is popular with the troops.

State News

KENOSHA—"Stop brother"—an imperative command, uttered by a grimy Austrian veteran—just as a dashing Yankee, going over the top, was ready to run him through with a bayonet, temporarily halted hostilities between the dual monarchy and the United States "somewhere in France."

This incident, marking the reunion of brothers, who had not seen each other for many years was described by Frank Hormac, former resident of this city, who is serving in the regular army, in a letter to relatives here.

His brother John—taken prisoner—gave the Americans information that resulted later in the capture of a heavy Austrian field piece, fifty machine guns and more than 200 hand grenades, the letter says.

John Hormac has been converted from Teuton to ally and expects to return eventually to America with his brother.

LA CROSSE—"If this business keeps up we will have to build an addition to the county jail," said Judge Brindley of the county court today as he sentenced five more tramps for trespassing on railroad property. It is estimated that fully 800 tramps have been jailed by railroad detectives since the coming of warm weather.

RHINELANDER—A. E. Weener, prominent businessman, died here Sunday from heart trouble. Mr. Weener was a resident of Rhineland for 18 years and worked hard on various Liberty loan drives.

GREEN BAY—The celebration of the birthday of Queen Mary of Belgium, which was held here last Saturday, netted \$3,000 for the relief of Belgian babies.

GREEN BAY—William Cook, district attorney, is the first candidate seeking nomination at the September primary election to file his nomination papers with the county clerk. He will be opposed by Charles K. Bong. Contests for nominations have developed for one other office, that of sheriff. Two republicans, Theodore Chlebowski and George Reis, and one democrat, Henry Vanden Heuvel, are in the field.

APPLETON—Seymour and Oneda authorities are investigating circumstances surrounding the mysterious death of David Hill, an Onondaga Indian who died Sunday from injuries received late Saturday night while returning from Seymour to his home on the reservation. Hill is alleged to have told his wife his injuries resulted from a fight with Isaac King, another Onondaga Indian. Hill has disappeared and an inquest has been ordered.

APPLETON—Beer has taken another jump here. The local brewers have raised the price of barrel beer from \$10.50 to \$12.80. Bottled beer has taken a jump of 20 cents a case. Case beer is now selling for \$2.60.

WAUSAU—Frank and Herman Braemer are under arrest charged with failure to fill out and return their questionnaires. Both held low order numbers. The boys were arrested near their home. They showed fight with axes but were by the guns of the officers. The father said before he would allow his boys to go to war the officers would have to cut off his head; that he and his boys have nothing to do with the war.

MILWAUKEE—Fire caused an estimated loss of \$25,000 to the St. Joseph's Orphan asylum here Wednesday and endangered the lives of 250 orphans. The blaze was in

BOY SCOUTS ELECT NEW SECRETARY

A. Steinmetz Wins by 8 Votes
at Troop 29 Meeting

President Carpenter called the weekly meeting of troop 29 of the Boy Scouts to order for its weekly meeting on Wednesday night with the election of a secretary-treasurer as the main feature of the evening. After a long debate it was decided to elect a secretary that evening instead of waiting as was Mr. Morrow's wish until next week. A. Steinmetz, P. McCurdy, and L. Lemmon were nominated and after the primaries Steinmetz and McCurdy were left on the ballots. Steinmetz was elected by a plurality of 8 votes. He has not as yet appointed his assistants.

There remained to be paid on the bill of the trip to Sauk City \$4, which it was decided to be paid by a collection of 25 cents to be given by each of the sixteen scouts who went to the dam. The meeting adjourned at 8 o'clock.

NEWS NOTES.

Raymond Schuman has returned from his vacation on Johnston's farm and will go to Black Earth tomorrow.

Oscar Dreyer will return to Madison from Oshkosh where he has been visiting, some time next week.

Donald Kreuger motored to Oshkosh Sunday and returned to Madison Thursday.

Nicholas Pheil of Oshkosh is visiting his aunt, Ella Berger, 331 Linden avenue.

Gladys Milbrook, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Milbrook, 261 Willard avenue, will go to Middleton this afternoon accompanied by her aunt from that city.

Mrs. Watt of Willard avenue is very sick. The doctors have not yet decided as to the nature of her ailment.

Mrs. Gehert of Besmer, Mich., will visit the Hoshan family, Division street, some time next week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Signer, Grand Rapids, Mich., have returned to their home after a visit with D. G. Signer and family on Linden avenue.

C. G. Kreikamp of Princeton will motor to Madison on business this week.

Carl Newman is visiting his family in Oshkosh this week, and will return to Madison in a short time.

**LABOR BOARD SENDS
MEN TO FARMS**
Federal Control of Unskilled Labor Will Affect Few

Prof. L. B. Wolfenson of the Semitic languages department of the university, who obtained leave of absence to do war work last June, and who is now in charge of the community labor office of the United States employment bureau located on the second floor of the city hall building on the corner of Mifflin street and Wisconsin avenue, reports that the office is sending men to help the farmers daily. As many as six having left at one time.

Confusion with regard to the taking over of all employment of unskilled labor by the government, August 1, may be avoided by remembering that the work of the board will affect very few farmers and small industries about Madison because they do not employ more than 100 men. Employers seeking help and employees seeking work can get together in the most efficient manner through making application to the community office.

Private bureaus instituted for the purpose of obtaining help for the farmers and others have proven to be of little practical use to the government in supplying labor according to officials though any real help at this time is welcome.

MILWAUKEE—Funeral services for A. W. Dingwall, well known theatrical man, who died in New York Saturday, following an operation for appendicitis, will be held at the family residence here Thursday.

MILWAUKEE—Anton Leitgrab, 40 years of age was shot and seriously wounded here Wednesday by a Milwaukee railroad policeman after Leitgrab had interfered with the policeman who had two women under arrest for picking coal on the railroad track. Physicians declare Leitgrab's condition is serious.

MILWAUKEE—Mrs. Gertrude West, 42 years old and weighing 655 pounds died here Tuesday night as the result of a mosquito bite. Mrs. West was the fat lady exhibiting with a carnival here and was said to be the largest woman in the world. Infection from the mosquito bite caused her death.

Court House Notes

Real Estate Transfers

Holding & Development corporation to E. H. Van Land Co., land in Blooming Grove, \$1.

Fairhaven Land Co. to Holding & Development corporation, lot 21, block 10, West Lawn addition, \$1.

Percy Gibbs, Marshall, to Annie M. Sanders, same place, land in Marshall, \$3,500.

Angelica Hartle, Madison, to Joseph Zavadnik, lot 22, block 13, Fair Oaks, \$2,250.

Ole Jelle, Blue Mounds, to Isaac Jelle, same place, land in Blue Mounds, \$1.

Ole Jelle to Otto Jelle, et al, Primrose, land in Primrose, \$1.

Fuller - TODAY and TOMORROW

The Home of Paramount-Artcraft Pictures
Afternoons 5c & 10c Evenings 10c & 15c

Buy a Thrift Stamp Today
The Idol of Every Movie Lover's Heart

Marguerite Clark

"PRUNELLA"

A story away from the ordinary run of pictures in which Miss Clark usually appears. You will surely appreciate her in this production.

—ADDED ATTRACTION—

Latest Universal News Weekly
All the Current Events From Here and "Over There"

COME EARLY AND AVOID THE CROWD

Matinee 2:00 and 3:30 Evening 7:00, 8:30 to 10:45

GRAND TODAY ONLY

—CELEBRATED—

EMILY STEVENS

Legitimate Stage Star in "The Unchastened Woman" in Metro's

"A Man's World"

Is virtue necessarily confined to one of the sexes? See Rachel Crothers' powerful Broadway play in screen drama.

Added Attraction—Latest Pathe Semi-Weekly News

Learn to Dry Food-- Uncle Sam Will Teach You

The government publication shown here explains drying of fruits and vegetables—a method of food conservation doubly important this year. Drying is easy to do, calls for simple equipment, and requires no sugar. Methods tested and proved by Government specialists are explained in this bulletin, a copy of which belongs to every American housewife.

FARM HOME DRYING OF FRUITS and VEGETABLES

JOSEPH S. CALDWELL
Plant Physiologist, Office of Horticultural Work
Pathological Investigations

FARMERS' BULLETIN - 984
United States Department of Agriculture

Contribution from the Bureau of
Plant Industry
Wm. A. Taylor, ed.

Washington, D.C. June 1918

To get this bulletin, clip, fill out, and send this coupon

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Washington, D. C.

Please send Farmers' Bulletin 984 to

(Name) (Street or R. F. D. No.)
(City and State)

This space is contributed by The Capital Times, Madison, Wis.



Can You Pass the Eyesight Test?

One Third Failed to Pass
Exactly one-third of the 21 million young men of the Nation examined for military service failed to pass the physical tests. The record is something to think about.

What is the trouble? The complete figures haven't been analyzed yet, but Dr. E. L. Fisk recently made an address in which he cited the records of seven local boards in Detroit, Brooklyn and New York. These boards had examined nearly 8,000 men, of whom about one-third were rejected. It is Dr. Fisk's conclusion that at least 90 per cent of the rejected men owe their impairment to either ignorance or neglect.

"Bad eyes a direct cause for rejection due partly to failure to obtain early correction of errors of vision."

What a warning these words of Dr. Fisk convey to the people at large!

—and these astounding figures apply only to men 21 to 31 years of age and only to those called to the front!

Surely an appalling condition. Think of even younger men and women and children, of which there are no statistics, who must suffer through defective eyesight.

Read that warning NOW! OBTAIN EARLY CORRECTION OF ERROR OF VISION. You owe it to your country, as well as to yourself.

Our modern methods, our scientific optical appliances, in the hands of expert optometrists, are at your service.

Prepare now to have at least one extra pair of glasses when you leave for a week-end or on your vacation. Do not allow a small detail, a broken lens or frame, to mar your pleasures.

C. H. NAFFZ
Optometrist
109 King St. Phone Fairchild 628

A WAR SAVER is a Life SAVER. Buy War-Savings Stamps.

MAJESTIC Madison's Premier Photoplay House

TODAY ONLY

GLORIA SWANSON

"You Can't Believe Everything"
See Society's "Neptune Banquet" on a Floating Barge in This Society Picture.

ALSO—MACK SENNETT COMEDIES

Tomorrow—Bessie Barriscale in "THOSE WHO PAY"

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS—The only stock to move more than a fraction at the aggressively dull opening of today's market was one of the very obscure specialties—Union Bag & Paper— which registered a decline of 3½ cents. Many of the active issues were not at all quoted in the first half hour, while others like United States Steel, Marine and Standard oils were so apathetic as to show no definite trend. Liberty bonds were inclined to ease. General Motors extended its advance to 6½ points during the noon hour and Sumatra Tobacco gained 1½ points. Active dairies

CHICAGO GRAIN—Sharp advance took place in the corn market today owing largely to reports of exceptionally dry weather in parts of Iowa and Missouri. Besides, recent here were light and country prices indicated that no expansion was probable. Difficulties of the situation likewise attracted attention on the part of the bulls. Opening prices, which ranged from same as yesterday's finish to higher with August 1.56 to 1½ September 1.57½ to 1½, were lowered by a decided upturn around 1½. Strength in oats came almost

Higher prices for hogs gave nervousness to the market notwithstanding that stocks of meat showed an increase instead of the falling which had been expected.

CHICAGO LIVE—Receipts
 CHICAGO—Hogs—Receipts
 300, 20c to 25c higher; butchers
 @19.75; hulk 18.40 @19.80; pack
 18.30 @19.20; rough, 17.90 @19.00
 bulk 18.50 @19.75; uigs, good
 choice 18.00 @17.75.

Cattle—Receipts 5,000; m
 100, 10c to 15c higher; butchers and m
 18.00 @18.50; pack 17.50 @18.00; rough, 17.00 @17.50; uigs, good choice 17.00 @17.50.

MILWAUKEE LIVESTOCK
MILWAUKEE Hogs—Receipts,
90; best others steady.
Light heavy butchers, 18.40@19.60;
grain butchers, 18.40@19.75; fair to
prime light, 18.75@19.50; fair to
best mixed, 18.50@18.75; fair to se-
lected packers, 15.00@19.10; rough
packers, 15.00@17.75; pigs, 15.00@
17.50.

very slow; stock
steady; others unevenly li-
stock mildly; others unevenly li-
steem lambs strong to higher
tives and sheep steady; fe-
steady.

CHICAGO PRODUCE
CHICAGO—Butter, lower:
creamery, 4.50¢; firsts, 4.50¢;
firsts, 41¢@42½¢; seconds,

Cattle, receipts, 100; steady.
Calves, receipts, 100; steady.
Sheep, receipts, 100; steady.

ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK

SOUTH ST. PAUL—Hogs, receipts, 1,700; 25@30c higher; range, 8.60@18.90; bulk, 17.75@18.25.
Cattle, receipts, 2,900; 20c killers, 18.00@18.50; 1,500; cows and

Cheese, unchanged.
Eggs, higher; receipts, 37; 37@38; ordinary firsts, firsts, 37@38; at mark, cases included, 37.
Potatoes, receipts, 43 cars; changed.
Poultry, alive unchanged.

Weifers, 7.00@12.00.
 Veal calves, steady; 5.25@15.50.
 Stockers and feeders, steady; 6.00@
 2.00.
 Sheep, receipts, 100; steady;
 Lambs, 6.00@16.00; wethers, 7.00@
 3.00. Ewes, 5.25@11.50.

MILWAUKEE GRAIN
 MILWAUKEE — Corn, No. 3
 yellow, 1.68@1.70; No. 3 white,
 1.68@1.70.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN
 MINNEAPOLIS — Wheat,
 receipts, 175 cars, compared with
 cars a year ago. Cash trading
 1 Northern, old 2.33.
 Corn, No. 3 yellow, 1.62@1.
 Oats, No. 3 white, 71@72.
 Flax, 4.56@4.59.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR
 MINNEAPOLIS — Flour

823-1.87; No. 3, 1.60@1.67.
 Oats—Standard, 72; No. 3 white,
 71½@71¾; No. 4 white, 71@71½.
 Rye, No. 2, 1.75.
 Barley malting and Wisconsin,
 1.05@1.17; feed and rejected, 1.00@
 1.10.
 Hay higher; choice timothy, 26.00
 @27.00; No. 1, 25.00@26.00.

changed. Shipments, 38,849 bu
 Barley, 90@1.07.
 Rye, 1.83@1.85.
 Bran, 23.31.

Spend, but Spend WISELY!
 and Save EARNESTLY! Buy
 Savings Stamps!

RAINBOW DIVISION NEW RECRU

GIVEN PRAISE TO FEATU
General Dénort, French Com- JUDGE DABN

**General Hospital, ...
mander Pays
Tribute**

(By the Associated Press)

WASHINGTON—Striking tribute to the valor and fighting efficiency of the 42nd (Rainbow) division of the American army by General Du-

A patriotic parade to stimulate enthusiasm for the war among the student nurses for Serbia was given at the hospital.

ding farewell to the Americans when they set out for the battle front on the Aisne-Marne lines where they are today proving their mettle in attack.

General Dupont said the division will be held Saturday evening 7:30 under the auspices of Dane county council of defense. The parade will be headed

was ready to "take a glorious place in the new line of battle" and paid tribute also to the skill of Major General Menoher, commanding, and of Colonel (now brigadier general) [unclear] and drum corps. The recruits, who now number more than 60, will feature the parade along with other units to take part in the [unclear] Red Cross [unclear]

Douglas MacArthur, divisional chief of staff.

**SOLDIER'S CLOTHING
IS AVAILABLE FREE**

Discharged Men May Return Uniforms Without Postage Charge

The clothing of discharged soldiers is mailable free of postage by the use of penalty labels, according to an order just received at the post

office here from A. S. Burleson, postmaster general.

Upon the discharge or furlough to the reserve of an enlisted man, within four months after such termina-

tion of his active service he shall return all uniform clothing, which he was permitted to retain for wear to his home, by mail, under a penalty label provided for the purpose, the day provided. Postmasters have

order reads: "Candidates have been instructed to accept such parcels for transmission free of postage."

nations prepared to enter a league.

FILE NOMINAT

He thought the question should be considered fully in all its aspects and a scheme prepared to be put into operation immediately after the war if there was any prospect of its adoption immediately after the war.

The difficulties in the way of es-

establishing and running such a league were so serious, he added, that only by united efforts of all men of good will could it possibly be put into execution.

12

12-11-68

HAZELWOOD
ASKS MORE PAY
FOR EMPLOYEES

Declare Those in State
Service do Not Receive
Enough

"Many of the employees in the service of the state of Wisconsin are far underpaid and deserve attention at the hands of those having authority to establish policies and provide appropriations," said John A. Hazelwood, secretary of the state civil service commission in speaking at the patriotic rally for the capitol and university employees at the assembly chambers Thursday night.

The civil service commission and the state board of public affairs have in readiness to present at the opening of the next legislature a schedule that will provide a just and reasonable increase in the salaries of those who are underpaid in the state service, said Mr. Hazelwood.

Major E. A. Fitzpatrick, state draft administrator, talked on "Military Service." Moving picture films showing life in Washington, scenes of army life, and the new thirtieth engineers in action, were shown. Prof. E. B. Gordon led the community singing.

RECEIVE HONORS
IN BUTTER SCORES

E. A. Danielson of Grantsburg and Chris J. Back of Luck received highest honors in the July butter scoring contest, which closed here last week. Both made scores of 96 which is considered a very high point. Second honors were divided between George Nelson and Elmer A. Erickson of Luck. In all 40 entries were scored by representatives of the Dairy and Food Commission and the dairy department of the University of Wisconsin.

The following received scores of 90 or better: John Mogensen, Wyoconia; E. A. Danielson, Grantsburg; Fountain City Creamery Company, Fountain City; Roscoe Mayes Bloomer; Elmer A. Erickson, Luck; John Roshing Jr., Calvary; C. C. Arneson, Emerald; Lorenz Tarmitzer, Plain; E. W. Judas, Montello; Crestview Creamery Company, Crivitz; W. A. Moyes, Ironston; F. L. Stolt, Prescott; Robert S. Anderson, Northland; L. E. Devenport, Leon; Louis Peterson, Bonduel; J. H. Borgert, Stoddard; Albert Hoffke, Marshall; H. B. Nielson, Deerfield; H. A. Johnson, Westby; P. Kristenson, Cushing; F. M. Werner, Waterloo; N. George Nelson, Luck; Glencoe Creamery Company, Arcadia; Olin Christenson, Nelsonville; Oscar Larson, Northfield; A. C. Schultz, Arcadia; Albert Long, Stetsonville; J. H. Grady, Baronette; Camilla Anderson, Weyauwega; Peter Nielson, Webster; Chris J. Back, Luck; Val Drosler, Louisberg.

War-Savings Stamps Are Worth Self-Sacrifice.

FARMERS CALLED
FOR RE-EXAMINATION

Five farmers who claimed deferment from class one of the 1917 registration have been ordered to appear before local board No. 1 Monday for re-examination. They claimed exemption on agricultural grounds but it has been found they have not lived up to their claims. Those who are called for re-examination are: James R. Anderson, Mt. Horeb; Olin Davidson, De Forest; Peter Wittman, Mazomanie; Frank Powell, Middleton; and Martin Bang, Klevenville.

ADVERTISEMENT

LINIMENTS AND
PLASTERS DISCARDED

Dream of Mustard Used in Place of
Plasters or Liniments and
Does Not Blister.

Thousands are taking advantage of the generous offer made by The Cream of Mustard Company of South Norwalk, Conn., by sending for a jar of Cream of Mustard in the most powerful external preparation compounded. It is far superior to mustard plasters, turpentine, liniment or any liniment on the market. It relieves congestion, inflammation and pain almost instantly. It takes the place of plasters or liniments for colds, pains and aches.

It has produced wonderful results with thousands afflicted with sore throats, tonsillitis, stiff neck, neuritis, congestion, rheumatism, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, boils in the chest, bronchitis, croup, headache, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints and chilblains.

Every household should have a jar of Cream of Mustard in the medicine chest for emergency. Ask your druggist; 25c and 50c jars; hospital size \$2.50.

The Cream of Mustard Co., South Norwalk, Conn., Adv.

ASTHMA
AND CATARRH
Try Before You Pay
P.P.P. SENNA, the great discovery for
ASTHMA, HAY FEVER, BRONCHITIS
AND CATARRH, has produced
wonderful results with thousands of
the most stubborn cases.

If you have experimented with other
treatments and have failed do not be
discouraged, but try at our expense
this truly meritorious remedy.

PETEY DINK—Well, Petey Might Have Had a Long Chase



By GOLDBERG

MEMORY SEEMS TO DEPEND ON WHAT YOU HAVE TO REMEMBER



AT THE GOLF CLUB.



AT HOME.

700 DOCTORS
WILL ATTEND
CONVENTION

War Time Subjects Will be
Principal Topics of
Discussion

The Tri-State Medical society of Wisconsin, Illinois and Iowa will meet in convention here August 20, 21 and 22. About 700 physicians are expected to attend.

Dr. L. H. Prince, president of the Dane County Medical society, is general chairman of the convention plans. He is assisted by Dr. W. H. Sheldon, secretary of the Dane County Medical society, as vice chairman. The members of committees are as follows:

Registration and exhibits, Arthur G. Sullivan, W. T. Lindsay, James A. Jackson, Jr., Mary E. Regan, Amy B. Chamberlain; reception and entertainment, G. C. Dwight, Herman Gilbert, Frank Drake, C. R. Bardeen, S. R. Boyce, L. R. Head, F. A. Davis, C. A. Harper, H. E. Purcell, J. C. Sommers, D. B. Collins, Richard Aylward, W. J. Ganser, G. A. Keland, J. K. Chorlog, and Don Mowry; ladies' entertainment, Mrs. F. T. Torney, Mrs. Richard Aylward, Mrs. S. R. Boyce, Mrs. Stanley J. Briggs, Mrs. J. K. Chorlog, Mrs. Fred S. Davis, Mrs. Joseph Dean, Mrs. James Donovan, Mrs. C. J. Dwight, Mrs. James Evans, Mrs. P. R. Fox, Mrs. W. J. Ganser, Mrs. Herman A. Gilbert, Mrs. H. P. Greeley, Mrs. C. A. Harper, Mrs. L. R. Head, Mrs. J. A. Jackson, Mrs. R. H. Jackson, Mrs. G. A. Keland, Mrs. W. T. Lindsay, Mrs. F. A. Davis, Mrs. F. S. Rink, Mrs. W. H. Sheldon, Mrs. C. S. Sheldon, Mrs. J. C. Sommers, Mrs. W. Stebbins, Mrs. A. G. Sullivan and Mrs. Robt. Van Valzah.

Finance committee, Joseph R. Donovan, Joseph Dean, F. S. Meade, S. J. Briggs, W. W. Stebbins; committee for medical clinics, H. P. Greeley, L. R. Head, Frank Drake, C. S. Sheldon, Herman Gilbert, J. S. Evans; committee for surgical clinics, T. W. Torney, R. H. Jackson, P. R. Fox, Jos. P. Dean, A. G. Sullivan.

Day's Casualty List

WASHINGTON—The army casualty list today shows:

Killed in action 42, died of wounds 48, died of disease 7, died of accident and other causes 7, wounded severely 126, wounded, degree undetermined 2, missing 6. Total 235.

The list includes:

Died From Wounds
Major Louis Farrell, Fort Snelling, Minn.
Corporal Clarence Sowersby, New Troy, Mich.
Privates Francis Allie, West Duluth, Minn.

Wounded Severely
Sergeant Harold J. Worrall, Minneapolis.

Corporals Lester Lang, Mankato, Minn.; Fred S. Scannon, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Privates Beryl M. Barker, Minneapolis; Walter Gentz, Minneapolis; Martin E. Martinson, Prior Lake, Minn.; Eli D. Pokriot, Mayville, Wis.; George Powell, Romeo, Mich.

Private Tony Syracuse, 1110 Fifth St., South, Minneapolis; Charles Witt, Norris, S. D.

Wounded, Degree Undetermined
Private Oswald Treichel, 621 Eighteenth St., Oshkosh, Wis.

assembly chamber of the capitol, the commercial exhibit in the capitol corridors, and the clinics in the high school.

Men of note who will appear on the program are Surgeon General William C. Gorgas of the United States army, Major Hubert Work and Colonel Easby-Smith, who will represent the provost marshal general's office; Dr. Rock Sleyster of Waupun; John M. Dodson of Chicago; W. W. Pearson of Des Moines; Dr. Austin Flint, Major Fred Albee and Dr. Charles Kerley of New York; Dr. Charles W. Burr, Edward Davis and Howard Fussell of Philadelphia; Major Joseph Bloodgood of Baltimore, Dr. William Lower of Cleveland, Colonel Frank Billings, Major L. L. McArthur, Dr. J. Rawson Pennington, Major John M. Dodson and Dr. Alexander of Chicago; Dr. Gustave Windesheim, president of the Wisconsin Medical society, Kenosha; Dr. Max E. Witte, president of the Iowa Medical society, Clarinda, Ia.; and Dr. Edward Fiegenbaum, president of the Illinois Medical society, Edwardsville, Illinois.

CAPITOL MUTUAL
CLUB PLANS PICNIC

The Capitol Mutual club picnic, which will be held Saturday afternoon and evening at Monona park, will be one round of fun for the participants, according to those in charge of the plans. A baseball game between the employers in the

BECKER TRIAL
IN U. S. COURT

Green County Judge Given
Hearing at Eau Claire

EAU CLAIRE—The trial of County Judge John M. Becker of Monroe, charged with violation of the espionage act, began Thursday before Judge A. L. Sanborn.

The indictment against Judge Becker was returned after a gubernatorial boom was started in his behalf. It charges that among other utterances Judge Becker had said:

"The idea of having an administrator of fuel and food is ridiculous. The idea of a shortage of food is being preached by agents employed by corporations for their own gain. This is a rich man's war. We won't have peace as long as these high salaried fellows have jobs to protect."

MADISON PAINTER
ELECTED TO OFFICE

A. F. Nelson is Member of Executive Board of Association

All officers of the Master Painters and Decorators' association were re-elected at the convention held at Green Bay Thursday. The officers are:

Robert G. Harper, Milwaukee, president; Zeno Paque, Green Bay, vice president; Leonard Forester, secretary-treasurer; Frank Spetz, Milwaukee; E. A. Cornwall, Racine; A. F. Nelson, Madison; and John Thomson, Fond du Lac, executive board.

Sheboygan was chosen as the next convention city. Following an address by Anthony C. Zarnacki, Milwaukee, on war loans, the association voted to purchase war savings stamps with the fund for advertising after the war.

TELEGRAPH TICKS

DULUTH—July ore shipments from the head of the lakes were 7,582,174 tons, breaking all previous records by 154,912 tons.

ST. LOUIS—Twelve telegraphers were discharged by the Western Union Telegraph Co. when they reported for work wearing union buttons.

LYNN, Mass.—Ten thousand striking employees of the General Electric Co. voted to return to work.

WASHINGTON—Mandatory orders were issued by the war department that all casualty lists be sent from France without delay.

WASHINGTON—Secretary of the Navy Daniels said the submarine as a leading important factor in the war is ended.

WASHINGTON—July disbursements by the government were \$1,698,282,000, a new high record.

WASHINGTON—Lord Curzon, member of the British war cabinet, said Great Britain had given 7,000,000 and that 5,000,000 Britons were fighting on foreign soil.

WASHINGTON—Loans to farmers in the west, whose crops have suffered from drought, will be limited by the government to \$3 per acre with a maximum of \$300.

HAVANA—The senate passed the obligatory military service bill which passed the house last week.

NEW YORK—Horizon blue is to be the color of the service uniforms of all officially appointed secretaries who travel in the interests of the war work council of the Young Women's Christian Association.

GATHERING SUMAC
PAYS GOOD WAGES

Women and children on farms can make good wages from June to September by gathering and curing sumac as a side line, the United States department of agriculture says. To assist in firmly establishing the industry of gathering this wild plant—a source of tannin used in tanning and dyeing—the department is soon to publish a bulletin of helpful suggestions to gatherers

KAISER HANDS
OUT BOUQUETS

Scatters Fine Sounding Words to German People in Proclamation

AMSTERDAM—In a proclamation issued to the German people, Emperor William says:

"Four years of hard struggle have passed, full of eternally memorable deeds. An example has been given for all time of what a people can do that stands in the field for a most just cause and for the maintenance of its existence."

"Revering the Divine hand which has been extended over Germany, we may proudly say we were not found unworthy in the tremendous task before which Providence placed us."

"If, in the struggle our nation was given leaders capable of the highest achievements, it has daily proved by fidelity that it has deserved to have such leaders. How could the army front have performed its tremendous deeds if the entire labor at home had not been carried to the highest measure of personal performance?"

"Thanks are due to all who, under difficult conditions, have co-operated in the task set the state and community and, especially to our faithful officials. Thanks are due, likewise, to the countrymen and townsmen and also the women on whom, in this war time, so much falls."

WILLIAM NELSON
OUT FOR ASSEMBLY

Deerfield Stalwart Expects to Enter County Contest

William Nelson of Deerfield will probably enter the assembly race in the eastern district of Dane county. There are already two candidates in the field, J. C. Hanson and Clerk Thompson, of the town of Burke. Thompson has already started his campaign. He is a progressive.

Nelson served in the 1915 session of the legislature. He is a stalwart.

AMERICANS IN
BITTER FIGHT
EAST OF SERGY

Attack German Stronghold Near Village of Cierges

(By the Associated Press)

LONDON—Fighting of the most bitter nature marked the American advance east and southeast of Serghy on Thursday, says Reuter's correspondent on the American front.

Bellevue farm, north of the village of Cierges, was the German strong point since from it they could command the approaches on four sides and their gun nests about it were concealed cleverly in the ripening wheat which afforded excellent cover.

"This kind of fighting," the correspondent continues, "is slow business and bad business for the side that tries to hurry it unless it has an overwhelming power of guns and in this open fighting guns cannot be concentrated as they are for trench attacks."

"Two divisions opposed to the Americans were the 200th. Jaeger division, which seemed to be composed of stout fellows from various German states, and the 218th, which was brought from Kemmel, on the British front in Flanders, by way of Laon, where they had rested for several days. They did not appear to be such good material as the other division. One youngster of 19 said he had been a year in service but that this was his first fight. He avowed with tears that he did not like it. Other prisoners, being asked why the Americans were beating them, replied:

"The Americans have good food in their stomachs, while the Germans only have poor stuff that one could fight upon."

"Not far from this front a somewhat pathetic group was found. There were five Germans and one officer on one side of it and four Americans on the other. It had been a fight to the finish and the last American to survive had thrust his bayonet downward into the earth to signify that he was the last one to see it through."

"Meanwhile, the fighting had been proceeding between Serghy and Seringes with much of the old bitterness."

"Prisoners from the 201st division declare that their orders were

FORESTRY CORPS
LEAVES CAMP

Twenty men who completed the special course of training for the forestry corps at the university cantonment left Thursday for various camps, most of them joining the ordnance corps.

Those who left are Henry Berganson, Edward E. Bolin, Charles C. Carlson, Joseph E. Cronin, Harry W. Curtis, Charles W. Falk, Harry W. Gabel, Albert J. Greengrass, Harold Hermanson, Mandy H. Horwitz, Edward J. Kohler, Paul C. Murphy, George J. Kranyak, William A. Lind, Carl A. Peterson, Martin Rasmussen, Fred D. Salmon, Frank J. Schneider, Sever Severson, Harry J. Trenner.

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WHILE AT WAR

Women Suffer at Home

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.—"I am a great believer in Doctor Pierce's medicines. When in a delicate condition, I had exzema very bad. I took 'Golden Medical Discovery' and I cured it and I have never had any trace of it since. When my baby came it was broken out. I gave him the 'Discovery' and it cured him also. After the baby came I was miserable. I would have pains and headaches. I took medicines but got no relief. Finally, I began taking 'Pain Expeller' and in the next month I was all right—felt fine, and have been well ever since."—MRS. ANNA ZELLEN, 248 10th Ave., North.

"Favorite Prescription," the ever famous friend to ailing women, and Golden Medical Discovery," the greatest general tonic, are both put up in liquid and tablets, contain no alcohol or habit-forming drugs, and are to be found in nearly all drug stores. The tablets cost 60 cents. These medicines of Dr. Pierce's have enjoyed an immense sale for nearly 50 years, which proves their merits as well as the statements made by users. If not obtainable at your dealer's send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Dept., Buffalo, N. Y., and he will send you a package of either tablets; also write for free medical advice, if there is need.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets for the liver and bowels have also been known for nearly 50 years.